killed in attack on ANC rally

EATLEHONG, South Africa (AP) — One journalist was killed Sinday and two were wounded when shots were fired at an African National Congress (ANC) delegation touring this embattled black National Congress (AICC) delegation touring this embattled black normalise. Police said a township resident was shot to death by police in mining gun battles following the shooting at the ANC delegation by Secretary Cyril Ramaphosa and Communist Party leader Joe Sovo, alone with a crowd of journalists covering the tour. Abdul Shariff, 31, a South African freelance photographer on assignment for the Associated Press, was shot once to the chest and procounced dead Natalsprut hospital in Katlehong. Charles Moikanyang, a televisioo reporter for the South African Broadcasting Corporation was in stable condition at the hospital with a bullet wound to the hip. A radio reporter, Antha Warner, sustained a flesh wound.

جوردان تليمز يومية سياسية تصدر والمنازية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الزبنية والرايء

Turkey, Iraq end pipeline talks

ANKARA (R) - Turkish and Iraqi officials ended two days of talks Sunday concerning the reopening of a joint oil pipeline plugged up since the Gulf crisis in 1990, "We have discussed how to counter, within U.N. resolutions, the damages caused by the pipeline's inactivity." Turkish Foreign Ministry Under-Secretary Ozdem Sanberk told the Anatolian news agency after the talks. He met his Iraqi counterpart Riyadh Al Qaysi in the highest-level talks on the issue counterpart Riyadh Al Qaysi in the nightest-level tails of the same since August 1990 when Turkey shut Baghdad's major export artery after Iraq invaded Kuwaii. Turkey has pledged to strive for lifting of a sweeping U.N. embargo on Iraq provided Baghdad complies with the Security Council resolutions on scrapping weapons of mass destruction. Mr. Sanberk said the contacts on the 986-kilometre long twin the same stripe is secured between Turkey's state-run pipeline would continue, if necessary between Turkey's state-run pipeline company Botas and its Iraqi counterpart. "If as a result of these efforts we reach a certain point, we (Turkey) can take the matter of emptying the pipeline to the United Nations," he said.

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syria: Peace depends on Israel's stand

DAMASCUS (AP) — A week before Syrian leader Hafez Al Assad's summit with President Bill Clinton, Syria argued that achieving peace depends entirely on a turnaround in Israel's negotiating positions. The government-run Tishrin newspaper said peace "does not hinge on Syria and the Arabs alone but is rather confitional on a full change in the Israeli stand." In its front-page editorial, the newspaper called on Washington to "use its weight in terms of pressnring Israel ... and ending occupa-

U.S. team fails to show up in Lebanon

BETRUT (R) - A U.S. delegation expected to visit Lebanon's eastern Bekaa Vallev Sunday seeking information on Israeli soldiers missing in Lebanon failed to appear. Security sources in Beirut said earlier that the assistants to U.S. congressmen would travel from Damascus to Sultan Yaqoub, a small town in the Bekan Valley where a threeman Israeli tank crew went missing io 1982 during one of Israel's invasions of Lebanon. Reporters in Sultan Yaqoub saw no sign of the delegation-by nightfall (see related story on page 2).

Currency reform could earn Syria billions'

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DAMASCUS (R) - An offidal newspaper estimated on Sinday that Syrian businessmen could hring home billions of dollars in investment if Syria adopts a single exchange rate for its pound currency. "There is no justification for the existence of more than one exchange rate for the pound in light of the economic recovery hich we are witnessing, Tishreen newspaper said in a commentary. The Syrian pound exchanges at 11.20 against the dollar in all official transactions. A second rate of 42 to the dollar is set for tourists and private businessmen. Four other rates are used for airline travel, customs, medical treatment abroad and official travel. The black market rate is at about 50 to the

Rifkind in Kuwait

KUWAIT (AP) — British Defence Secretary Malcolm Rifkind arrived Sunday in Kuwait on a short visit, part of a tour of Gulf Arab states. A British embassy spokesman. Jon Davies, said the visit aimed at cemeoting relations with Kuwait and the other Gulf countries. Mr. Rifkind visited. Oman and Bahrain, and was scheduled to leave for Saudi Arabia, the last leg of his tour. on Monday.

PFLP rejects Arafat's call

DAMASCUS (R) - A hardline Palestinian group opposed to the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) peace deal with Israel on Saturday rejected a call by PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat for dialogue. The deputy chief of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) described Mr. Arafat's call in a statement as "a political deluding attempt," Abu Ali Mustafa

German was convicted 'as spy by communists'

ERFURT, Germany (AP) -A German engineer awaiting a death seotence in Iran was convicted as a U.S. spy in East Germany 39 years ago, according to a newspaper. The Thueringer Allgemeine Zeitung reported that a Cottbus court sentenced Horst Szimkus to life in Prison in 1955 for spying on socialist countries for the Counter Intelligence Corps (CIC). The CIC was the wartime intelligence service of the U.S. Army. The report did not indicate whether Mr. Szimkus d her k served any of the sentence. harges E Mr. Szimkus, a 59-year-old mechanical engineer, was arrested in Iran in 1988 and sentenced to death in January as a spy for Iraq. Iran's supreme court upbeld the sentence Wednesday Germany has asked for clemency

PLO Executive Committee adopts accord with Jordan

TUNIS (AFP) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Executive Committee has approved a cooperation accord signed with Jordao and reviewed the progress of economic negotiations with Israel, PLO sources said Sun-

The committee met overnight Saturday uoder the chairmanship of Yasser Arafat to listen to briefings by the organisatioo's political de-partment chief Farouk Kaddoumi on the Jordan negotiations and Ahmad Oouriea. the head of the delegation holding economic talks with

Israel in Paris. The Jordan-PLO accord

Both sides have praised the agreement, which calls fur setting up Jordanian banks and using the Jordanian dinar in the occupied territuries as the main currency, cooperating in trade and investing jointly in industry, agricullure, tourism, health and other domains.

The Executive Cummittee endorsed the agreeement. member Ali Ishak told AFP.

The PLO executive also reviewed the latest achievements in talks held with Israel on economic cooperation. based on a report by Mr. Oouriea.

talks will be held Munday and Tuesday.

We have nut registered tangible progress," said a member of the PLO executive committee whu requested

"Any progress in the economie talks remains dependent on the evolution of the pulitical negotiations process." Mr. Ishak said.

The economic cooperation talks have snagged over the question of finance and money with the PLO insisting on issuing its own eurrency and central bank as part of the future autonomy.

Government denies giving 'concessions' in PLO accord

Agreement separates issues between sovereignty and identity - Anani

By Nermeen Murad

Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN — The government yesterday sought to dismiss criticism that the accord it signed with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) on Friday was a much watered-down version of the original agreement the two sides reached in Octo-

"Jordan did not make any concessions to the PLO in the onomic cooperation accord. What might appear as concessions in the document are simply a reflection of the political realities of the Middle East peace process," Information Minister Jawad Anani said Sunday.

Dr. Anani, one of Jordan's key economic planners in the Arab-Israeli peace negotiations, stressed that the signing of the accord had put an end to sensitivities over separating the Jordanian and Palestinian identities

Jordanian critics of the accord have contended that the agreement failed to meet expectations for concrete cooperation and coordination between Jordan and the emerging Palestinian entity.
Dr. Fahed Fanek, a promin-

ent economist and newspaper columnist, said most of the accord's articles "represented no more than Arabic prose." "We can practically ignore all the articles starting with the

word 'encouragement' as legally meaningless ... even the mere encouragement of joint projects will be on hold until another agreement is reached," Dr. Fanek said.

Palestinian political obser-

vers were earlier quoted as saying Friday's accord cannot be treated as a comprehensive economic agreement hut a hroad framework of economic cooperation and that Jordan made 'major concessions to the PLO."

But in an informal meeting with the press Sunday, Dr. Anant said that the document was not much different from an earlier draft prepared in October. "There were no amendments to the (October) accord. So where are the concessions?" he asked.

Dr. Anani conceded that the agreement did not spell out the modalities and specific mecbanisms of Jordanian-Palestinian cooperation, but said that the absence of such details was natural in view of the fact that the PLO and Israel had not finalised an economic accord.

The PLO and Israel are meeting in Paris to work out an economic accord. Israel said two weeks ago that the talks had produced an agreement, but senior PLO officials denied the report and said the proposals discussed during the talks had not been finalised and approved by the PLO lead-

Dr. Anani said the main point of contention between Jordanian and PLO officials

during the three days of talks that led to the agreement was that the draft accord of October did not go far enough in assertiog the separate identi-ties of the two sides. They insisted on asserting

their own identity and on the PLO acting as a government," Dr. Anani said. Jordan did not have any problems in this conare issues that had to he determined before Jordan and the PLO went to further ecocomic talks with Israel and this could not wait.

The minister explained that the issues of "identity" had overlappings with the workings of a sovereign authority, and this, at this point in time, was not a subject which Israel would discuss. As such, he said, the econo-

mic accord bas now set a base for both sides in negotiating with Israel. He said the PLO's delay in

signing the earlier economic agreement was also prompted by a Palestinian belief that such a detailed agreement should only be signed and implemented when the Palestinian authority takes control on The PLO felt, according to

(Continued on page 5)

King arrives in London en route to U.S. for medical check-ups, Clinton meeting

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein left Sunday for Britain en route to the United States for a medical checkup and a possi-ble meeting with President Bill Clinton.

Officials who spoke on condition of aconymity said King Hussein, 57, will travel on to the United States for an examination at the Mayo Clinic in Rochester, Minnesota, where he underwent cancer

surgery in Aug. 1992. The Monarch goes to the clinic for routine checkups every six months, hut this time he might also undergo surgery for an ear infection. officials said.

The palace official said the King may meet with President Bill Clioton during his two week stay in the United

The meetiog with Mr. Clinton will follow the U.S. President's talks with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad in Geneva on Jan. 16. The King last met Bill Clinton at the

White House on June 18. The Jordan News Agency, Petra, reported later that Their Majesties King Hussein



His Royal Highness Prince Mohammad is sworn in as Regent before His Majesty King Hussein left

for Britain en route to the U.S. (Petra) and Queeo Noor arrived in

Loodon. Upon leaving Amman earber in the day, the King was seen off at the airport by His Royal Highness Prince Mohammad, the personal representative of the King, His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah and members of the royal family. They were also seen off by Prime Minis-

ter Abdul Salam Al Majali, Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Al Lawzi, Lower House Speaker Taher Al Masri, the King's advisers, Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'ad Ben Zeid, Private Chamberlain Prince Ali Beo Nayef, Crown Prince Hassan's private adviser Mohammad Al Saqqaf, the Cabinet members, the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the directors of the Public Security and General Intelligence departments, the governor of Amman, the King's adviser on tribal affairs, and the Britisb amhassador in Amman. Before the King left,

Prince Mobammad was sworn to to serve as Regent.

GCC, Syria and Egypt open talks

DAMASCUS (Agencies) -Foreign Ministers of the sixmember Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) as well as allies Syria and Egypt opened talks ed on economic cooperation, the official SANA news agency reported.

The ministers of GCC members Saudi Arahia, Kuwait, Qatar, Bahrain, Oman and the United Arah Emirates along with their Syrian and Egyptian counterparts - signatories of the Damascus declaration in March 1991 - were to review the reactivation of proposed economic cooperation between them, Syrian officials said.

"It's important for the Arabs to cooperate in an efficient mauner, notably on the economic, commercial and investment fronts," Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa said in an opening statement. SANA quoted him as saying the meeting would examine

practical means to implement the clauses of the Damascus declaration and difficulties that have prevented its implementatioo. The ministers were also ex-

pected to discuss the Middle East peace process a week before Syrian President Hafez Al Assad and U.S. President Bill Clinton are to meet in Geneva in a bid to break the deadlocked Israeli-Syrian peace talks. The Damascus declaration

on political, security and economic cooperation was signed a month after the end of the Gulf war but never really took hold.

It called for the GCC states to provide Syria and Egypt with economic and financial aid in exchange for their participation in Gulf security plans. At their summit in Riyadh last month, the GCC leaders said they wished to expand cooperation on all fronts with their two other partners.

In May, the finance ministers of the eight signatory states met for the first time in Doha but took no steps towards providing the promised assistance for Damascus and Cairo.

Syria and Egypt sent troops to participate in a U.S.-led coalition that ousted Iraqi forces from Kuwait in January-February 1991 after seven months of occupation. The GCC decided to set up a

IO billion fund to help finance development projects in Syria and Egypt hut financial pledges for the fund from the oil producers have so far reached just over half the original target. No move was taken on military cooperation.

King names new Jerusalem panel charged with deepening religious identity of Holy City

AMMAN (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein Sunday named a new Royal Commission for Jerusalem Affairs and entrusted it with the responsihility of "refuting hostile allegations, consolidating the facts (about Jerusalem), encouraging scientific research and, providing counselling that reaffirms the Arab and Islamic

characters of Jerusalem." "It is regrettable that Jerusalem is currently facing a critical turn in its history that caused its iohabitants to lose the feeling of security, stability and peace, and one that created an atmosphere of anxiety, and fear filled with distress and bitterness as a result of this difficult reality, the injustice, prevarications, trickery and conspiracy," King Hussein said in a letter addressed to Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali.

"On the anniversary of Al Israa Wal Miraj, our faith is enhanced in the value of the holy places and in Jerusalem ... the eternal city which is facing

very critical situations fraught with mystery ... a city which is dear to our hearts," the King

of the Holy City would be recorded with deep pain and deep regret in the annals of history," the King warned. Referring to Jordan's sup-port of the Palestinian cause

and the Holy City of Jerusalem, the King stressed that "Jerusalem will remain Arab and Islamic in character as cotrusted to the Hashemites, a city where the body of Al Hussein Ben Ali lies in rest and where the late King Abdullah Ben Al Hussein was martyred.

'We see Jerusalem close to us while others consider it far because to us the city is the symbol of peace, and we pledge to follow in the footsteps of our forefathers and true to their resolve in safeguarding the holy city," King Hussein said.

On the Royal Commission

for Jerusalem Affairs, the King said that it was originally set up by the Hashemites to achieve a national and Islamic goal.

sion had strugged to spread awareness about Jerusalem and conducted documented studies about it, he said.

The new commission is required to contribute to the efforts that "aim at restoring the Holy City to the Arabs and Muslims as a free and dear city as it had always been in the past centuries," King Hussein

The commission should exert constant efforts; "deep scientific studies designed to highlight the status of Jerusalem to clarify our relationship with the city, and to embark on a comprehensive informational, cultural, directional and guiding role through the help of scholars and historians in a very effective manner in order to contribute to an honourable

(Continued on page 5)

Beedh fails to turn up for meeting with Saleh

SANAA (Ageocies) — President Ali Abdullah Saleh on Sunday criticised his southern rival Vice-President Ali Salem Al Beedh for boycotting reconciliation talks aimed at ending a political crisis shaking Ye-

"I'd hoped Ali Salem Al Beedh would be here so that we'd work together to preserve the great accomplishments of unity," the president said in the southern village of Al Janad after Mr. Beedh failed to turn up.

Mr. Beedh's refusal to attend the talks, because Mr. Saleh has not implemented a series of reforms he has demanded, coincided with an upsurge in political violence (see page 2). Mr. Saleh went ahead with

an address to Yemeni clerics at a mosque in Al Janad, which lies some 300 kilometres south of Sanaa. "The ulema have a precious

responsibility. That of being fair, as well as opposing all those who support separatism and provoke crises," he told them.

The failed reconciliation had been organised by Muslim cler-

Mr. Beedh and Mr. Saleh have been locked in a dispute on how to run the country since August when Mr. Beedh left the capital for his home base, the southern port of Aden. The feud is jeopardising the

unity of the country, formed wheo North Yemen merged with the south in May 1990. "I've accepted the demands of the Yemen Socialist Party as well as different initiatives aimed at preserving the country's unity and democracy, said the president. 'We've made concessions in

the interest of Yemen." "We came here to start a

dialogue, reach a settlement and to counter the effort the efforts of those who sow discord within our society," he

A southern source said the vice president would not meet Mr. Saleh until the president implemented reforms. The reforms had been accepted by the president's own party but "no practical steps have been taken and the reforms remain suspended," said the source.

Hostages interviewed

Yemeni tribesmen, eager to air their grievances against the

(Continued on page 5)

Kabul is calm, but tension elsewhere

KABUL (Agencies) - A fragile ceasefire in the capital appeared to be holding Sunday as United Nations officials tried to broker a 48hour extension to evacuate thousands of wounded. Meanwhile, there was a tense standoff between rival

factions in key northern towns and cities.

There was only sporadic gunfire in Kabul on Sunday morning, the second day of relative calm following six days of brutal fighting that left some 4,000 wounded and hundreds feared dead.

U.N. officials said-they were trying to have the 24-hour ceasefire, set to expire Sunday, extended 48 hours to arrange the evacuation of wounded and to ferry emergency supplies into the devastated capital.

Except for tanks and armoured personnel carriers, the streets of the capital were deserted Sunday.

The United Nations was negotiating with the warring Afghan parties in the Pakistani capital of Islamabad, and had

(Continued on page 5)

PLO sees 3 weeks of talks, Israel two months

Combined agency dispatches

ISRAEL AND the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) prepared Sunday for talks aimed at lifting obstacles delaying an Israeli troop pullout from occupied territories. with each side differing widely on how long an agreement will

The PLO said three weeks: Israel put it at two months. The two planned informal discussions in the Egyptian resort of Taha Sunday. On Monday they were formally to resume suspended talks to narrow gaps blocking implementa-

tion of the vaguely worded peace accord they signed in September. Environment Minister Yossi Sarid, asked about PLO chief negotiator Nahil Shaath's estimate that an accord could he won in three weeks, said after

a cabinet meeting: "With this agenda, the problems that still must be solved and the obstacles that still must be lifted, it seems to me that one-and-a-half, two months is a more reasonable estimate." Talks in Taha late last year

foundered over the same issues that blocked the pullout from starting as planned on Oec. 13. These were who should control border crossings between self-rule areas and neighhour-

ing Arab countries, and the extent of the Israeli withdrawal from the occupied Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho. Dr. Shaath said Saturday that many issues, including a timetable for the withdrawal

and the details of a Palestinian police force, were settled and needed only "a half hour" to But Dr. Shaath said time

was needed to iron out outstanding differences on the main points of dispute. Both sides had earlier ex-

pressed exasperation with the outcome of talks held in Cairo this month mat hegan with hopes of ending the logjam. and ended in dispute over whether the two sides had, as Israel clainted, reached agree-

Dr. Shaath said there had heen some progress "prior to the explosion" over the Cairo documents.

"I don't think anything came

from the explosion except tattered nerves, but the two weeks prior to that were quite useful." he said.

Mr. Sarid, a senior Israeli negotiator in Cairo, told reporters Dr. Shaath's optimism over the length of the talks might be justified, hut only if "the Palestinians display behaviour different from that which they've shown in the

He did not elaborate. Prime Minister Yitzhak Rahin warned Palestinians Saturday against reneging on understandings reached in Cairo, saying Israel could do the same and further delay implementation of the autonomy accord.

"If it turns out that on Monday in Taba. the Palestinians renege on principal matters discussed in Cairo, we have every right to do as they do." Mr. Rahin said on army radio. "I think that if this is the

tendency, more obstacles will he placed in the path of reaching a written agreement on the implementation of the first stage of Gaza-Jericho first," Mr. Rahin added.

(Continued on page 5)

Attacks in Aden, Sanaa jolt Yemen

ADEN, Yemen (AP) - A gunman raked the home of Yemen's vice president with machine gunfire Saturday in a new spate of attacks in Aden and Sanaa that have spotlighted the political turmoil in the

Security sources said no one was hurt in the shooting outside the home of Ali Salem Al Becdh. It followed an explosion outside the Justice Ministry in the capital, Sanaa, earlier Saturday and the assassination of a member of Mr. Beedh's party the night before.

The violence coincided with efforts to secure the release of eight men, including a Cana-lian and a Briton, who have been held since Monday by tribesmen seeking ransom them for concessions from the Sanaa government.

The turmoil further complicated efforts by the country's religious leaders to reconcile Mr. Beedh and President Ali Abdullah Saleh, whose row is threatening to undermine the 1990 union between the formerly Marxist South Yemen and the conservative North Yemen.

The security sources said a gunman suspected of firing at Mr. Beedh's home in the hilltop Aden district of Maasheeq was arrested. They refused to give his name or affiliation.

However, their account suggested more than one person might have been involved. They said the shooting came from a speeding military jeep, probably driven by an accom-

In the capital, Sanaa, other recurity sources said no damage or casualties resulted from the explosion outside the Justice Ministry.

Also insisting on anonymity, they disclosed that Abdul Karim Ai Jahmi, identified as a member of Mr. Beedh's Yemen Socialist Party (YSP), was shot and killed as he drove towards the capital Friday night. The assailants fled, they

A YSP stalement made

assassination which "is pushing the country towards a destructive civil war" and was "a grave escalation of the political

In the mountainous Marih desert region, about 60 kilometres east of Sanaa. six Yemenis reportedly were refusing to accept freedom from their captors in solidarity with their Canadian and British colleagues, their boss said.

The eight captives, all working for a subsidiary of Hunt Oil Co. of Dallas, were seized

Diplomats and Hunt Oil Co. officials have identified the Briton as Peter Jackson, a pipeline manager for Yemen Hunt, and the Canadian as George Hawkins, 43, from Vancouver.

The tribesmen were demanding concessions from the govemment in return for a Hunt pipeline that runs through their

George Slaughter, general manager of the Yemen Hunt Oil Company, said the Yeme-"were free to go but they feel a sense of responsibility

and they stay,"
He added, however, that some had come and gone as intermediaries in negotiations between the tribesmen and

Yemeni authorities. Mr. Saleh on Saturday travelled from Sanaa to Ta'iz. 240 kilometres south of the capital, at the invitation of religious leaders seeking to arrange a meeting between him and Mr. Beedh in the town

It was not clear if Mr. Beedh would respond to the invita-

tion.
Mr. Beedh has boycotted all meetings of the country's rul-ing presidential council since

Aug. 19. His main grievances focus on the wide control the northern Yemenis hold on the government, their alliance with Islamie fundamentalists who are bitter enemies of his socialist followers south and the de-teriorating security situation.

Rabin blasts Netanyahu for saying accord not binding

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — for an Israel-Syria peace trea-ty. blasted opposition leader Benmin Netanyahu in remarks broadcast Saturday for saying that any government he would reed in the future would not be bound by the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) accord.

Mr. Rabin told army radio that he would not ordinarily criticise someone in distress like Mr. Netanyahu, under fire his own Likud Party.

But, "I have never heard such a declaration from anyone that ever boasted of becoming the prime minister," Mr. Rabin said.

Mr. Netanyahu said earlier this week that any government he would lead would not be hound by the Israel-PLO accord since the PLO did not keep to the tenets of the Sept. 13 agreement.

Mr. Netanyahn's remarks were criticised as deepening E-raeli-Palestinian mistrust at a time when some Palestinians are questioning whether Israel intends to keep it commitment to a full withdrawal.

'Sammit may be landmark'

Israel said on Saturday this month's summit in Geneva between U.S. President Bill Clinton and Syrian President Hafez Al Assad could pave the way

ing will be a landmark," Israeli Deputy Foreign Minister Yossi Beilin told Israel Radio.

"I believe that in not so long a time period we can reach a peace agreement," he added. Israel and Syria have made little progress in 11 rounds of

peace negotiations begun more than two years ago. They are due to open another round to talks in Washington two days after the Clinton-Assad summit scheduled for Jan. 16.

Syria has demanded a complete Israeli withdrawal from the strategic Golan Heights seized in the 1967 Middle East war while Israel insists on full normalisation of ties.

"My main expectation is that at the same meeting in Geneva on the 16th of the month, Assad will be much clearer about a peace accord with Israel," Mr. Beilin said.

"And if be does indeed say the words we expect - such as diplomatic relations, open borders, economic relations and so on - be will find Israel is definitely prepared to go towards peace with Syria.

We will go on the basis determined by the prime minister when he said the depth of the withdrawal will be like the depth of peace." he

Hizbollah rejects meeting with U.S. delegation

DAMASCUS (Agencies) — The Lebanon-hased, Iranianbacked Hizbollah group has reilerated its refusal to meet with any U.S. intermediaries orobing the fate of Israeli servicemen missing in Lehanon.

"We reject any meeting with any American official whether from the congress or from the administration to discuss this subject," Hussein Al Khalil, a spokesman for Hizbollah, told

A three-member U.S. congressional delegation arrived in Syria Friday to look into the fate of the Israelis who have been missing since Israel's 1982 invasion of Lebanon.

The delegation, which ear-lier visited Israel, was led by Michael van Dusen, chief of staff of the House of Repre-sentatives Foreign Affairs Committee.

The Delegation had talks Saturday with Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Al Shara'a. The visit was agreed at a meeting between Syrian President Hafez Al Assad and U.S.

Secretary of State Warren Christopher in Damascus last month, officials said. The delegation is due to go on to Lebanon for further talks on the Israeli soldiers who

went missing during Israel's invasion of Lebanon in 1982. U.S. President Bill Clinton s due to meet Mr. Assad in Geneva on Jan. 16. There are six missing Isracli

servicemen in Lebanon. Only one of them, navigator Ron Arad, is believed to be alive. Diplomats said U.S. Senator Richard Shelhy, a Democrat from Alabama, also arrived in Damascus for talks on other issues related to hilateral rela-tions and the Middle East peace process.

It is believed that Syria is trying to wrap up the issue of the Israelis before the Jan. 16 summit between Mr. Assad and President Clinton in Geneva as a gesture to help move forward the Middle East peace process.
"The U.S. administration is

biased towards Israel and y it with all type sophisticated weaponry in order to kill our people and destroy our towns and villages in South Lebanon and the Bekaa Valley," said Mr. Khalil, who is on a visit to Syria with Hizboliah Secretary-General Hussein Nasrallah.

Mr. Khalil said Sheikh Nasrallah was to meet with Syrian Vice President Abdul Halim

Khaddam. Mr. Khalil said the congres-

sional delegation was "not qualified for playing any humanitarian role in this respect." He said his party had conducted meetings with humanitarian organisations and "we

are still prepared to discuss the

question of captives in Lehanon with these organisations." Damascus Radio said in a commentary Saturday that Mr. Clinton "will find out that President Assad is willing to push the peace process forward and achieve tangible results based on U.N. Security Coun-

"Syria is eager for peace in as much as it is anxious to restore its own and Arah lands occupied by Israel," it said. 'Peace is parallel to justice which stipulates that Israeli occupation should be eliminated so as each party gets back

cil resolutions.



No equality before law in Israeli-occupied lands manders were told the army

By Colleen Siegel

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM — Jewish settlers with automatic weapons block the road to Jerusalem from Hebron in the occupied West Bank to protest against the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) accord.

Palestinians on their way to work wait for hours for the angry settlers to end the demonstration. Israeli security forces make no attempt to remove the Israelis. For Palestinians living

under Israeli occupation for 26 years, the incident is just one of many in which a double standard of law is applied. "Blocking roads - I've had elicots charged with that

who have received I2 to 18 months in jail," said Palestinian lawyer Jonathan Kutlah, calling for Israeli legal authorities to handle settlers "a little more seriously." There are signs the scales of justice could be tipoing,

but Israeli and Paleslinian experts say the balance is still very much in the Israelis' Palestinians face a dizzying maze of Jordanian and milit-

ary law and emergency regulations dating from the time of British rule 45 years ago. They are tried in military courts. Israeli settlers are subject

to Israeli law and tried in Israeli courts.

Recently the government has vowed to crack down on unruly settlers. Military conjcan detain Israeli citizens ir the occupied lands and hand them over to police for possihle criminal prosecution.

Yet despite the tougher line. Dedi Zucker, leftist head of the parliament's law committee, said a double standard in the territories is de jure and de facto.
"We're starting from a

very low point. History shows a very permissive, forgiving approach to most settler activities," he said. That approach has held

true even in murder investigations, says Joseph Alpher, head of the Jaffee Centre for Strategic Studies at Tel Aviv University. "There clearly has been a double standard not only in

applying the law but in the seniences that have heen meted out," Mr. Alpher He said Israel, which routinely sentences Palesti-

nians convicted of killing Israelis to life terms in jail, would be paying special attention to how a Palestinian self-rule authority handled "security" offenders.
"If we object to their releasing on hail cut-throats

say) 'you Israelis don't like that? here's a list of all the murderers you sent to jail for a year'," Mr. Alpher said. "We'll either have to call it a draw or we will have to start

and murderers... (they can

taking a stronger hand with our offenders," he said.

This month an Israeli court denied hail to a settler suspected of involvement in unrest in which an Arah was shot dead. The judge felt it necessary to explain why.

"Every day we send people to jail who have thrown stones. We do that because of risk to human life. There is no doub! that someone who uses a gun and shoots it presents much more of a mortal daoger," the judge was quoted as saying. Mr. Alpher said bringing

the full force of the law down on settlers was politically ris-

"Just as (Prime Minister Yitzhak) Rahin found it politically impossible to take down the settlements at this time so too I think it's politically impossible to come down hard on the settlers under present circumstances," he said. Mr. Zucker, who allowed

the renewal in parliament recently of the extension of Israel law to settlers in the occupied territories, said the unequal status quo would end with the implementation of the peace accord providing interim Palestinian self-rule.

Mr. Kuttab's vision of a solution is the end of Jewish settlement in the West Bank and Gaza Strip and the establishment of a Palestinian

"There is no place in the world where any group lives under a separate set of laws from the majority, except here... if the white minority in South Africa had to give up apartheid, I don't see any future for it here," he said.

Curfew in Gaza — a way of living By Donna Abu Nasr

The Associated Press

GAZA CITY, Occupied Gaza Strip - Seven fashionably dressed Palestinian women sit giggling over a seaside dinner when suddenly one notices it's well past curfew. A chill

They've been too engaged in their reunion to notice all the tables around them emplying hefore the nightly deadline to I'm not leaving this place. I'm going to sleep on the table,"

says Malccha Abu Sitta, 70, "I'm 100 scared to go out." Gazans consider the 8 p.m. to 4 a.m. curfew imposed six years ago a heavy burden, transforming the daily patterns of their lives. One of the strongest reasons many support the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) autonomy accord signed in September is that it's supposed to put an end to the hated measure.

The army imposed the curfew just after the intifada, the Palestinian uprising that began in December 1987, to curb nighttime attacks. Some professionals, such as doctors, can get permits to be out after curfew.

But the average Palestinian is supposed to get home just after nightfall, prompting many to see the curfew as yet another excuse for Israelis to harass them.

"We don't helieve the Israelis are under any threat at ht," said Ihab Ashkar, a member of the PLO's Fatch faction. "The curfew is just part of Israel's strategy to oppress

The punishment for breaking the curfew is a fine, equal to a traffic ticket, which is a bit less than \$100. But that can be a lot in Gaza, where the average wage is about \$300 per month. Some violators are also detained for 48 hours or longer, depending on their status. A youth active in the intifada might

be interrogated, for example.

Gazans had hoped that the curfew would be lifted Dec. 13, when the Israelis were supposed to begin withdrawing from the Strip under the autonomy accord.

But the delay in negotiations has evaporated those hopes. After curfew, Gaza has the feel of a town waiting for a bomb to fall. Almost nothing moves.

Stray dogs roam the dark streets, occasionally illuminated by Israeli flares over the beach or the Palestinian refugee

Evening hasically starts at 3 p.m. in winter, about two hours before sunset. That's when weddings, hirthday parties, visits and the rare theatrical play usually hegin.

The strong influence of Islamie groups means liquor,

hanned under religious law, is hard to find. Only two restaurants stay open past 8 p.m. One is the U.N.-operated Beach Club; the other Al Salam restaurant. Abu Haseira, the Palestinian owner of the Al Salam, plans

to surprise Gazans with a Chinese restaurant, the first ethnic one in the city, and belly dancers in his fish restaurant once the Gaza resident Nuha Sourani said that retiring before curfew has become such an ingrained habit in her seven-year-old son Kenaan, that when the family was recently in Cairo, he shouled at passers-by as curfew time approached that they'd

better get home. The curfew has inspired Gazan artists. Fayez Sirsawi, 32, sketched a couple making love on their roof, fenced in by

"The eurfew has lurned people into baby-making machines." he said. "People have only sex on their minds after A study published by the Gaza Health Service Research

Centre showed a gradual increase in birth rate from 27,375 in. 1988 to 37,041 in 1992. The hinh rate for 1992 was 50.4 per 1,000 women, one of the highest in the world. There is some activity after curfew but it requires extreme,

Drivers go slowly, usually at 30 kilometres per hour, as fast

cars make Israeli soldiers nervous. And drivers usually keep the inside light on in their cars. "Going out after curfew can be a matter of life and death,"

says Mrs. Abu Sitta after fleeing from the fish dinner, her hands lightly clutched over her handhag as her eyes dart out the car window for signs of trouble.

Her 44-year-old daughter. Adala Ahu Medein, on the other hand, was having the time of her life cruising the streets and honking her horn in her rare moment of curfew-busting.
"I'm intoxicated just from driving after curfew," she said. "I

feel like a tourist exploring a new city. Tonight, I'm the queen of Gaza streets."

Ethiopian Somalis — far from home, nowhere to go

By Michael M. Phillips The Associated Press

MOGADISHU - Mohemmad Aideed Vousef has been on the road for 17 years An ethnic Somali, he fled his home in Ethiopia during the 1977 Ogađen war, only to pick up again in 1990, when the fall of dictator Mohammad Stad Barre brought famine and chaos to Somalia. Hunger stole two of his children, and his wretched existence robbed Mr. Yousef, 53, of everything but his Muslim

"We survive by the will of Allah and sometimes on the

faith.

green leaves from the trees." he said.

Now he, his wife and their eight surviving children are crammed with 50 other refugee lamilies in two rooms of the former Mogadishu polylechnic institution, all apparently doomed to be refucees for life.

The U.N. mission to Somahas fed hundreds of thousands of people and restored enough security for many to return to their home villages. But those are native Somalis. Ethiopian Somalis, includ-

ing 50,000 in Mogadishu camps, are in a unique bind: Ethiopia have lost the legal refugee status that would force the United Nations to help then do so, and those who want to remain in somalia have no villages to take them in.

They find themselves in a really difficult situation." said Agnes Aschenye-Oonyu, a displaced-persons specialist. "They're a lost group...The people you talk to have no clue what they want to do with their lives." Hundreds of thousands of

Ethiopian Somalis took refuge just inside the Somali horder during the 1977 war for control of the Ogađen region adjoining Somalia. About 500,000 returned home in 1987-89 under an agreement reached by the Ethiopian and Somuli

ernments and the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees. Those who remained, either because they feared going home or hared for a better life in Somalia, were promised U.N. help getting established in Somalia. Before that could be done.

Mr. Siad Barre was overthrown and the struggle to replace him brought widespread fighting among Somali factions and clans. During the current full, aid agencies once again are trying to resolve the murky situation of the Ethiopian Somalis, whose case files were stolen or des-

troyed in the civil war. Many of the Ethiopians deny having received promised U.N. resettlement help or forfeiting refugee status. The U.N. refugee agency says they are in Somalia by choice and no longer are refugees under the U.N. definition: People who flee across an international border because of war or persecution.

Most, however, apparently want to go home but cannot do so without transportation.

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Dr. Khaldoun Asiour 666873	Traffic Police
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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Oueen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be venified. ARRIVALS

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights Damascus IRJI

......Jeddah (RJ) Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) Beirut [RJ] .. New York, Amsterdam (RJ) Bengkok (RJ) Casablanca, Tunis (RJ)

Other Flights (Terminal 2) Curo (MS) Khartoum (SD) Muscat, Abu Dhabi (GF) 12:25

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

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5:00 p.m. every Monday Dep. Dumascus
7:30 a.m. every Sunday
Arr. Amman 5:00 p.m. every Sunday

MARKET PRICES

Upper/lower price in fils per kg.

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Banana Banana (Mada	68
Bonana (Mukammar)	62
Beans	600 / 40
Carrol	90 / 5
Cauliflower	. 240/10
Clementine	180/10
Cucumbers (large)	180 / 12
Cucumbers (small)	200 / 10
Egerlant	300 / 30
Garlic	180 / 30
Grape Fruit	. 900/60
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Parley neto tackle social ionabh, dinne security all the book issues

AMMAN (Petra) — Delegates from 12 Arab countries, incloding Jordan, will gather here Monday to take part in the seveoth Arab conference on social security.

Social Security Corporation da. the SSC) Director Mohammad can ge meeting, to be held at the Amra Hotel under the chairne in nanship of Labour Minister as M Khaled Ghzawi, will discuss six nain working papers dealing real a with ways to develop existing Falch locial security systems, conmd a pan-Arab strategy on lal to pocial security, among other ealor opics.

топф Attended by Mr. Baker Rasoul, director general of the Arab Labour Organisation ALO), the meeting will also eview social security experinents in a number of countries nd stimulating the roles of abourers, employers and govmments in developing social ecurity laws, according to Mr.

An ALO general report overing surveys conducted in ocial security fields of the rab World will also be re-.şewed at the three-day meetng, said Dr. Hourani.

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The delegates, he added, ininde directors general of Arab astitutions responsible for soial security who would be achanging ideas and expertise social security-related fields.

Id son | The Jordanian delegation aking part in the meetings omprises representatives of they (be government, employers

> According to Mr. Hourani, everal Arab organisations are ttending and . nearly 100 parcipants will be present.

TI starts treme, vork again

MMAN — As of October 993, the International heatre Institute (ITI) bas eco reestablished. The ITT's tain purpose is to promote aternational exchange of nowledge and practice in seatre arts (drama, dance, iusic theatre) to consolidate cace and frieadship among coples, to deepen mutual nderstanding, increase creave cooperation between all coples in theatre arts.

The III was founded in 1948 s a "child" of the United ations Educational, Scientific od Cultural Organisation UNESCO). It gave the ITI te task of exchanging theatricknowledge to maintain and phance a dialogue across bor-

The Jordan centre of the ITI as seven members on the pard of directors, representig different branches of catre in the Kingdom. Its

resident is Sawsan Darwaza.



Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Sataan Al Hassan Sunday confers with his

Omani counterpart Yousef Abdullah Al Alawi at the Prime Ministry (Petra photo)

Oman, Jordan discuss economic, trade ties

AMMAN (Petra) — Omani support of the peace process. Minister of State for Foreign On his meeting with his Affairs Yousef Abdullah Al Jordanian counterpart Talal Alawi Sunday left Amman at Sataan Al Hassan, Mr. Alawi the end of a two-day official said he agreed with Mr. Al visit to Jordan during which he Hassan on the need to find a met with His Majesty King mechanism for coordination in Hussein and senior Jordanian various fields, including political aspects. He pointed out that a joint

In a departure statement, he said he relayed a verbal mescommittee was established to sage from Sultan Qaboos Ibn follow up on economic and Said of Oman on issues of commercial issues, and voiced mutual concern and current hope that bilateral relations will be further enhanced, in Arab issues. implementation of wishes of

Mr. Alawi also said that he listened to a briefing by King Hussein on various Arab issues, and Jordan's role in

Arab reconciliation, he said, ioclude his country's support of the good offices of the Arab League secretary general to achieve Arab solidarity.
Commenting on Mr. Alawi's visit to Jordan, Mr. Al Hassan.

who held talks with him at the Foreign Ministry, said they discussed issues of common concern, developments of the Middle East peace process, and enhancing bilateral relations in the economic and com-

mercial fields. The minister was seen off at the airport by Mr. Al Hassan, senior ministry officials and Omani ambassador to Jordan.

Al Yakatha reelects Rawabdeh as secretary-general

Oaboos.

AMMAN (J.T.) — Al Yakatha (awakening) Party Saturday held its first general conference and reelected Abdul Raouf Al Rawabdeh as its secretary-general. It elected Subhi Rousan, Muother Shara'a, Habes Mabafza, and Abdul Salam Al Ghzawi as assistants to the secretarygeneral, according to a report in the Arabic daily Al Ra'i.

The party's general assembly also elected a 10-member Higher Committee, which groups Lamia Kubbah, Qadrieh Dalkamouni, Mobammad Rawasbdeb, Mohammad Al Azzam, Mousa Irsheidat, Ibrahim Al Qa'oud, Sata'an Al Hassan, Ahmad Al Jammal, Samir Okour and Yehya Hammouri.

both King Hussein and Sultan

Oman's efforts to achieve

At the end of its meeting, the party decided to launch an appeal to the Arab and Islamic nations, calling on them to unite their ranks, patch up their differences and support the Palestinian struggle and the Palestinian uprising.

The party called on all Arab and Islamic countries to work

towards lifting the embargo on both Iraq and Libya and to help the Somali factions end their internal fight.

The conference lauded the efforts made by His Majesty King Hussein to contain the differences between Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleh and his Vice-President Ali Salem Al Beedh, and called on the Yemeni leadership to overcome differences and protect the Yemeni unity. It also called on all national powers and organisations in Yemen to safeguard the Yemeni unity.



Education in the newly independent Kirghiz Republic Kakiev Chikovitch, arrived in Am- tries in this field. Mr. Chikovitch was reman Sunday on a week-long visit to Jordan during which he will hold talks with senior Jordanian officials on bilateral relations in education fields. Mr. Chikovitch, (centreleft) said in an arrival statement that the visit aims to establish good relations between Jordan and the Kirghiz republic in the field

EDUCATION TIES - Minister of Higher of education, pointing out that Jordan is considered one of the most advanced counceived at Queen Alia International Airport by Deputy Prime Minister and Higher Education Minister Saced Al Tell, (centre right) and several senior officials from the ministries of higher education and foreign

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

King receives cables on Israa and Mi'raj

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Sunday received cables of good wishes from Jordanian officials who congratulated him on the Israa and Mi'raj anniversary and wished him good health and happiness. The cables were sent by Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali, Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Al Lawzi, Lower House Speaker Taher Al Masri, chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, Lt.-Gen. Abdul Hafez Mar'i Al Kaabneb, General Intelligence Department director Lt.-Gen. Mustafa Al Qaisi, Director of the Civil Defence Department General Afif Al Gboul, director of the Public Security Department, General Abdul Rahman Al Udwan, Central Bank of Jordan Governor Mohammad Saced Al Nabulsi and Palestine Liberation Army (PLA) Commander Brigadier Mohammad Qudsiya.

Malhas open hospital section

AMMAN (Petra) — Health Minister Abdul Rahim Malhas Sunday inangurated the first aid and emergency section at Ramtha Hospital, and was briefed by the hospital director, Faroug Dibajah, on the services offered by the hospital. The inauguration ceremony was attended by Minister of State for Legal and Parliamentary Affairs and deputies representing the Ramtha District, io addition to senior health officials. The section, costing JD 300,000 was established on 825,000 square

Princess Wijdan holds Muscat exhibition

MUSCAT (Petra) - Omani Prince Faisal Ben Ali Sunday opened an art exhibition by Princess Wijdan at the cultural club in the Omani capital, Muscat. The exhibition, which will last until Jan. 17, includes paintings of various sites in Oman. The opening ceremony was attended by several members of the Omani royal family, ministers, members of diplomatic missions and Jordanian citizens residing in Oman Princess Wijdan will deliver a lecture oo plastic art at the club on Monday.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed ome and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

- ☆ Photo exhibition by artist Muwaffaq Al Sheikh at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- ☆ Art exhibition by artist Sad'l Kwaish entitled "Talisma" at Baladna Art Gallery.
- * Exhibition on the 100th anniversary of the death of French novelist Guy De Maupassant at the French Cultural Centre.
- ★ Exhibition of Iraqi books at the Royal Cultural Centre. ☆ Art exhibition by a number of Jordanian artists entitled
- 'The Sixth Exhibition Samples From The Contemporary Jordanian Art 93" at the Spanish Cultural Centre.
- ☆ Exhibition "Prints and Drawings of Fakhrelnissa Zeid" (1915-1991) until the 15th of January '94 at Darat al Funun of the Abdul Hameed Shoran Foundation. Also showing the "Permanent" Exhibitice. (Tel. 643251/2).

DRAMA

☆ Drama for children entitled "The Question" at the Royal Cultural Centre at 11:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.

FILMS

- ☆ Short film in French entitled "Legacy" at the French Cultural Centre at 8:00 p.m.
- Cultural Centre at 8:00 p.m.
- * Film entitled "Birdie" at the Phoenix Gallery for Art and Culture at 6:00 p.m.

Jordanian banks allowed to reopen one branch each in West Bank

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Jordanian banks which used to have branches in the occupied West Bank prior to 1967 will be allowed to reopen one branch each in the next two months, Information Minister Jawad Anani said

Dr. Anani, a Jordanian strategist in Middle East peace talks who played a key role in finalising an economic cooperation agreement with the Palestine Liberation Organisanon on Friday, said opening of new banks would be considered after giving priority to those which had branches in the occupied West Bank on June 4, 1967 — one day before the war started.

Eight Jordanian banks had 31 branches in the West Bank and Gaza Strip when Israel occupied the territories. Those in the West Bank followed Jordanian laws. All banks in the Gaza Strip, including two branches of two Jordanian banks, were governed by Egyptian regulations.

Cairo-Amman Bank reopened in 1986 under a special arrangement, but it had to curtail its branches' activities mainly to money changing because of Israeli regulations.

Palestinians could not get loans from the bank for two reasons; first, the bank had to deposit 110 per cent of the loan an ount with the bank of Israel and second, the Palestinians were reluctant to mortgage their land as collateral for fear of seizures by the bank and the eventuality that an Israeli



might end up as the ultimate buyer of the land.

The accord finalised Friday after three days of talks sets out a broad framework for Jordanian-Palestinian cooperation. Among other things, it clears the way for Jordan to implement a memorandum of understanding it signed with Israel on Dec. 1 on reopening the bank branches.

Dr. Anani said priority would also be given to banks applying to reopen branches in Jericho and the Gaza Strip in view of a request made by the

Palestinian negotiators. The West Bank town of Jericho and the Gaza Strip are expected to be transferred to limited Palestinian self-rule authority in line with the Sept. 13 autonomy agreement between

Israel and the PLO.

The main base of the selfrule authority is expected to be located in Jericho.

Dr. Anani said CBJ regulations would be applicable to banks in the West Bank as well signed with Israel on Dec. I provides for reopening the branches in the West Bank and, as officials said later, Jordan had to work out a separate accord on the Gaza Strip.

Under the memo, the Bank of Israel will issue a token approval for the banks already licensed by the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ). The obliganons of the reopened branches to the Bank of Israel will be limited to sending a periodic report on their activities.

Dr. Anani said the permission to reopen one branch each will be followed by permissions for others. But in the beginning, each of the banks will be allowed to open only one branch.

A joint Jordanian-Palestinian technical committee will work under the guidance of the CBJ in processing the reopening of the branches.

The joint panel will also set monetary policies aimed at proteering and maintaining the stability of the Jordanian di-

The seven branches that the Cairo-Amman Bank operates in the occupied territories now would also be brought under total CBJ control, after ending the 1986 arrangement. Dr. Anani said.

Dr. Anani noted that the economic agreement also provides for the use of other currencies in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, but that it excludes the Israeli shekel.

Israel said that the sbekel would have to remain in circulation in the autonomous territory: Palestinian officials

to eliminate the shekel altogether from the occupied lands during the interim period, particularly that tens of thousands of Palestinians would continue to be employed in Israel and be paid in

the Israeli currency.
Israeli officials have suggested that the Palestinians could issue a currency similar to the Scottish pound. Although issued by Scotland as a sign of Scottish identity, the currency remains under the control of the Bank of Eng-

The Egyptian pound, which was in force in the Gaza Strip until Israel seized the costal strip from Egypt in the 1967 war, will be among the curren-

cies in circulation. The pound is sparingly used in the Gaza Strip now. According to reports, only Gazans wishing to travel to Egypt across the Rafah border buys Egyptian pounds for use in

Egyptian territory. According to PLO sources, the use of Egyprian pounds in the autonomous territories is part of commitments that PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat has made to Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak, with whom he

has stepped up coordination. Mr. Arafat, who seems to have abandoned for the moment the idea of issuing a Palestinian currency during the interim period, also reportedly sees the use of more than one Arab currency in the autonomous territory as a symbol of Palestinian links with the Arabs while asserting Palestinian independence.

Meningitis rate in Jordan compares to that in the world, doctors say

By Rana Husseini Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Meningitis, a disease that spreads easily during the winter time, had reportedly reached 42 cases in Jordan in 1993, according to Dr. Sa'ad Kharabsheh, director of Control Disease Department at the Ministry of Health.

the reported cases in Jordan are relatively low, and they are expected." Dr. Khar-absheb said.

Jordan had 71 cases in 1987. in 1988, 79 in 1989, 58 in 1990,

29 in 1991 and 39 in 1992. Dr. Kharabsheh pointed out the fact that there are three types of meningitis. The one spread throughout the Kingdom in the bacterial meningitis (meningococcal) which Dr. Kharabsbeb says is common, but rarely fatal.

"If this kind of disease is neglected, the case fatality rate (CFR) may reach op to 50 per cent. But with early diagnosis and appropriate treatment, CFR may be less than 10 per cent," he explained.

In Jordan, of the 42 cases reported and studied, approximately 40 per cent of the patients were found to be from the Greater Amman region (which includes Amman and Zarka, Salt and Madaba), 12 per cent case from the north of Jordan and 12 per cent from the south, according to the statistics provided by the Ministry of Health.

Meningitis is an acute inflammation of the membranes covering the brain or spinal cord, or both, and mostly affects children under 15, who represent 75 per cent of the reported cases, pilgrims during Haj season and people who live in crowded conditions,. such as prisoners, military recruits and special institutions. "The disease could be caused by bacteria, viruses, protozoa, yeasts or fungi, usually introduced from elsewhere in the body," Dr. Khar-

absheh added. The modes of transmission, according to him, could be direct contact, such as droplets and discharge from the nose and throat of an infected person and more from carriers.

The communicability period is mostly winter and it lasts until the organism disappears from discharges of the nose and mouth, Dr. Kahrabsheh explained. As for the symptoms, they

include fever, beadache, vomiting, neck and back rigidity, delirium and convulsions, sudden prostration, shock, coma and eventually, if not treated in time, death. The stage of infection can be

asymptomatic, with local symptoms restricted to nasopharyns, invasive disease, as meningococcemia (blood poisoning), without extension to meninges and meningeal involvement. The infectious agent is sensi-

tive to beat, light and dessication. The greatest incidence is during winter and spring. Sporadic cases occur throughout the year, in males more than in females. The reason this disease spreads more in winter is a crowded residential area, according to Dr. Najwa Khouri, a pediatrician at Jor-

usually lives in the throat of the human beings and transfers through air when the human being breathes," she said. Dr. Khoury said there are

dan University Hospital. "Meingococcal meningitis of five to 20 per cent annually. The hospital, she maintained, received two kinds of cases virus and bacterial. Dr. Khoury said the reasoo

few death cases reported in the

Kingdom, and it does not ex-

ceed the interntional numbers

the patient is not purely cured in some cases is because there are three types of bacteria: the neissera meoingitidis, h. influenza and streptococeu pneumoniae, the patient might be vaccinated for one of these three diseases, and it could be the wrong vaccination, as it is very bard to determine which

ate the patient and enable him/ her to get rid of the virus completely. In addition, she maintained, the vaccination is very expensive for some types of the disease, and not everybody can

kind is the right one to vaccin-

afford it. There are very few cases of meningitis registered in the private sector, according to Dr. Jarrar Halazon, a private pediatrician who says his clinic rarely receives meningitis

cases. "Every three or four years 1 examine a case," he said. "In the United States, for example, vaccination for this disease is compulsory, while here in Jordan the disease, although fatal, is still not considered threatening and that is why it is not compulsory," he added.

The number of reported

meningococcal cases in the United States during 1993 was 2,134; io 1993 it decreased to 1,952 cases said Dr. Kharabsheh adding that this number is relatively fair compared to the population of the United States, (250 million in 1992).

Dr. Kharabsheh further explained that there are compulsory vaccinations for the pilgrims before leaving for haj.

"Pilgrims are usually the people most threatened by the disease because they are exposed to people from all over the world and live in crowded conditions," Dr. Kharabsheh

There is one other type of meningitis that is spread in certain parts of the world, Dr. Kharabsheb explained, the viral (aseptic meningitis, non-Dacterial meningitis) which, usually sporadic, is common and rarely fatal. Active illness rarely exceeds 10 days and the recovery is usually complete.

This kind of virus usually spreads in the summer and early and late winter.

The ministry however has taken necessary steps to control the disease, so it does not spread in the Kingdom, by vaccinating certain types of groups among which the disease could spread easily.

The Ministry of Health classifies meningitis as a type "A" disease and encourages individuals who suspect symptoms of the disease to contact the ministry immediately.

Any case that occurs in the Kingdom should be not fied urgently, he said. As for the prevention and control activities undertaken by the Ministry of Health, according to Dr. Kharabsheh, upon notification, the ministry will send an epidemiological teram to visit the case and the contacts of the case which they investigate thoroughly and provide isola-

tion to the patient. The ministry, he added. monitors the reported case for 10 days to see if any contact developed signs and symptoms of the disease. Other steps include conducting health education for personal bygiene, advising on avoiding overcrowding and ensuring suitable ventilation.

Comprehensive revision of laws on municipal, village councils to help develop local communities

AMMAN (Petra) - Financial difficulties facing local municipal and village councils will be the top priority for the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment during 1994, according to Minister of Municipal Affairs Ahmad Agaileh.

In a statement Sunday, the minister said that the ministry would work out plans to help these councils improve their methods of collecting dues and increase their income.

The councils' financial question will be part of an overall plan for revising laws. regulations and legislations governing the work of local councils with a view to modernising these rules and plugging the loopholes that they contain. said the minister.

The comprehensive revision of rules, he added, aims at achieving a qualitative step forward that conforms to the government's policies of promoting and developing local com-

Noting that the revision was in line with the general state policy of administrative reform. Dr. Agaileh said that the measures also aim at enhancing the concept of decentralisation and improving the level of local councils' services.

The ministry hopes that through modern methods, the local councils would be able to play a better role in providing services and initiating development projects which would take into account local communities' participation, said the minister.



The coming revision covers. among other things, introduction of essential amendments to the 1985 law governing city planning and the regulations concerning buildings, as well as

the urhan and rural regions of Jordan. Dr. Agaileh added.

In addition, the law governing municipalities will be revised and the draft law on the protection of the environment will be finalised, said Dr. Agaileh.

He said that three training

seminars for heads of local councils will be organised by the ministry in cooperation with the Institute of Public Administration and training courses for municipalities' employees will be held during

These courses cover financial, technical and administrative fields. of which the municipalities are in bad need at

present, added the minister.

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An expensive deal

ON SATURDAY French Prime Minister Eduard Balladur arrived in Riyadh to discuss his country's economic ties with the oil rich kingdom and to "pave the way for billions of dollars in trade and defence contracts," as the French news agency put it in a dispatch from the Saudi capital. The same agency also reported that the British Defence Secretary, Malcolm Rifkind, was expected in Riyadh today to discuss the Tornado fighter planes deal that the British and Saudis signed last year.

The British, the French and the Americans are all worried about an expected drop in oil prices and the subsequent 20 per cent cut in this year's Saudi hudget. The governments of those countries must have followed closely the meeting that the Saudi ambassador to Washington, Prince Bandar Ben Sultan, had just held with American arms manufacturers in which he tried to ally their fears over Saudi financial difficulties.

Riyadh's financial troubles, if they can be called that, are the result of three factors: the Gulf war, the big arms purchases and the drop in oil prices. But these factors are of the West's own making. Iraq — a major participant in that war - was originally armed and made to fight the "Iranian threat" for eight years. It was even believed that Iraq was "encouraged" to invade Kuwait. Then the Sandis and other Gulf countries that lost a brotherly ally in confronting the so-called Iranian threat were convinced that they could rely on the modern western arms technology to defend themselves. As for oil prices, U.S. President Ronald Reagan vowed in the 1980s to bring OPEC, the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries, to its knees; and that, he and his successors have managed to see through.

We are not, of course, blaming the West for wanting to "defend its way of life," as President Bush said at the beginning of the Gulf crisis in 1990. Business-minded people like Bill Clinton, Mr. Balladur and Mr. Rifkind have no qualms about Arabs selling their soul to the West. What those leaders are doing is satisfy their peoples' appetite for cheap energy and to keep their factories running to maintain unemployment down. These are two important factors that help politicians in the West win elections, whether they are liberals, democrats, socialists ...

Should the Sandis and the Gulf Arabs, who do not seem to be convinced of the Western intentions, continue to play in the hands of arms dealers who create conflicts and wars and perpetuate them for their own interests? Should they continue to think of their neighbours as their enemies and then go to the West for belp?

It is not for us to answer such questions. Those who can may want to say where they stand on all of this.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

A COLUMNIST in Al Dustour daily Sunday said that the economic deal between the Palestinians and the Jordanians signed Friday is bound to serve as a bridge aimed at bolstering economic ties between the peoples on the two sides of the river. This bridge would not open the way for any Israeli hegemony over Jordanian affairs, but would rather pave the ground for Jordanian backing for the Palestinian Arab economy, said Taher Al Udwan. By opening Jordanian banks on the West Bank, the two sides show, that they are determined to bolster their ties now at least on the economic level, realising that talk about confederation is premature and can be put off until liberation has been achieved, said the writer. The far objective of unity has started with little steps represented in the joint agreement concluded in Amman in the past week, but the two sides have started their practical steps towards achieving the aspired unity with the economic agreement, he continued. The writer said that by forming one market and exempting goods from either side from any customs tariffs the Jordanians and the Palestinians are actually paving the ground for unity between them. However, the two sides should be careful to contain any crisis, however small it could seem, in time and in a firm manner, leaving no room for any histile rumours that could adversely affect bilateral relations, cautioned the writer. He said that the leaderships should realise that the masses feel that their relations rise shove all kinds of crises as they struggle together to end Israe 's occupation and attain their aspired unity.



Will U.N. leave Yugoslavia, and what would happen?

By Nicholas Doughty Reuter

BRUSSELS — Frustrated by their impotence in the face of continued fighting in former Yugoslavia, major western nations seem prepared to pull their U.N. peacekeeping troops out this year - despite potentially dire consequences. U.N. commanders, who are also aware of the huge costs of the operation, are becoming

ever more bitter and critical. France, Spain, Britain and Canada, the major troop contributors in Bosnia, are reviewing their commitments. International mediator Lord Owen says the forces may leave after

Analysts and diplomats say the warnings of recent days are a final attempt to put pressure on the warring Serbs; Croats and Muslims to reach a peace deal to end the 2I-month-old 12.000 U.N. peacekeepers have been delivering aid.

But they also say the troops perhaps including another 15,000 in Croatia, will almost certainly go home soon if peace efforts fail.

"It's not just an empty

threat. There is a very strong feeling in countries like France and Britain that there is not much point in keeping the troops there when they can't end the fighting," said Paul Beaver of Jane's Defence wcekly.

A withdrawal, in turn. would almost certainly bring a renewed surge in fighting. more war crimes and ethnic

It would also cause serious problems for Bosnia's beleaguered Muslims, who are more dependent than the Serbs or Croats on U.N. aid and

"What is more, it would be a massive admission of failure by the United Nations." Mr. Beaver told' Reuters.

"The U.N. would have lost faith and, in today's chaon'c world, that is the last thing we

Another consequence would be a likely reduction in media coverage, something that has so far kept the world and governments — aware of the horrors of the war.

U.N. forces have often served as protection for foreign media. Without them, and without the interest that forcign troops lend to the story, Mr. Beaver and others say international attention to what happens in former Yugoslavia will fade away.

Despite these consequences.

diplomats say many contributors to U.N. forces can simply no longer justify their commit-Mr. Owen and others have

openly admitted that the delivery of relief supplies, while vital through the winter, has also served in part to fuel the conflict because the warring factions have taken some of the aid for their own troops.

Western governments say military intervention would be folly and the peacekeepers. while able to fire back if attacked, can do little if their path is blocked.

The risks are huge - mines and snipers have claimed the lives of several dozen peacekeepers - and the returns are increasingly hard to see. The strains are showing.

The commander of U.N. forces in Bosnia, Lieutenant-General Francis Briguemont, wants to leave his post carly because of exhaustion.

The Belgian general has been an outspoken critic of

political efforts to end the fighting and the West, particularly NATO and the European Union, have lost credibility over their handling of the cri-

But governments now seem to have lost patience with peace talks that produce nothing and a string of broken promises from the warring parties on ceasefires and aid de-

There is also the question of

With defence budgets shrinking rapidly, few countries can afford the billions of dollars it has cost to run such a complex military operation in difficult conditions.

The Toronto Globe and Mail newspaper reported on Tuesday that Canadian peacekceping efforts in the former Yugoslavia, including more than 1.000 aid missions flown by Hereules planes into Sarajevo, have cost about \$750

The problems of cost are lar more acute for developing countries or Eastern European nations, such as Ukraine, Nepal, Egypt and Kenya, which all have troops in former Yugoslavia.

Media and public officials

By Izzat R. Dajani

IN THE process of liberalisation and democratisation in Jordan, the press is assuming a larger role in public life reflected by more unchecked reporting and less standard government rhetoric.

But as the media changed its direction and style, many, if not most, public officials did not! They were taken by surprise as they became more exposed to media reporting and their actions were con-stantly monitored. Their words and deeds are among the main ingredients for the media and hence accountability and responsiveness are attributed directly to this. Attitude, strategy, tactics and media practices are criteria a public official needs to consider and be familiar with. Dealing with the media and understanding it are among the main priorities a public official needs to consider, yet acquainted with and become confident about. There are elements of unease and uncertainty in the relationship between public officials and media people, with heightened tension as democracy matures in the country.

"The job of a public official is not just to make and implement policy, but to participate in a system of democratic govemance in which public values are continuously rearticulated and recreated" Robert Reich, U.S. Sccretary of Labour, wrote in his book The Power of Public Ideas.

One needs to understand what is the news story, the message. This is because journalism is not a first hand report of the raw material, but a report after material matured and/or events that took place. The press remains to be the chief means of contact with the unseen environment, in which 'accuracy" has become the accepted form in relation to "truth." The function of news is to signalise an event. The function of truth is to bring to light hidden facts and set them in relation to one another. However, facts are distorted either by people providing them, by the process of selection or by the "lens" through which events are seen. Facts re further affe sorship, limitations of social contact and distortion due to compression of events into short messages.

Each news organisation has its own history, policy. strategy, and culture that affect its contents and give it multiple entry points to the environment. It is also helpful to understand that every newspaper which reaches the reader is the result of a whole series of selections and consorship. As a noteworthy example, it is estimated that out of every seven words that reach the New York Times only one gets published. There remains the controversy of how effective the editors' selection of what gets printed or published is and how much this is influenced by bias and personal convictions.

News space is more readily. available tn a senior public official than to any other institution in the society. The press wants to play an active role in the policy-making process but expects to be treated as a neutral observer of it. The irony remains that while the press can presumably investigate virtually all the institutions in society, it refuses to practice any investigative journalism on itself. If people want to make a rational judgment on important issues, they need in have access to all available opinions and facts. This is also essential if freedom of expression is to have any meaning.

The medium is the message. It produces changes in people's perception of incidents. Absolure objectivity remains an impossibility and depends upon the reporters' professional reflexes, temperament and social and economic status. Not only events, but also individuals receive differential treatment in the news. It may be important for a public official to look at reporters as atlies since their favourable treatment of information can aid one's policies. However, reporters can exploit their contacts in government to obtain exclusives. as much as officials exploit the need for news to deliver messages to key audiences.

It is helpful to know that journalistic values are very powerful. Journalists try to underestimate the consequences of their reponing in order to be able to function and produce news! Conveying

them to do their job. To publish, a reporter needs to be satisfied that he looks at the "big picture" and that further waiting will not produce a better story. Reporters remain caurious so as not to violate the law or face bad consequences as a result of their reporting. They need to be satisfied that they know the full story and not just what officials want them to know. It is very interesting to note that the security of the press depends on public opinion and on the general spirit of the people and the government. It is equally true that while the camera might belong to newsmen, the lights are in the hands of their sources, who tend to aim them in directions which they find advantageous, leaving many things in shadow and more in total darkness.

On the other hand, public officials can use the press to alter the ways in which decisions are made, bearing in mind that the press needs their cooperation to help tell the public what is going on. They may need to lead their ideas with a "vision" so as to produce a compelling story. One must not be intimidated by the press as it can be manipulated to make ends meet. With the press, everything counts and anything "off the record" will be printed sooner of later. There are various forms open to public officials in working and dealing with the media:

- One form is a press release. It has many advantages that include managing fully what is to be written or broadcast. The most important information is emphasised up front. Opportunities are created by one or more quotes. A public official must choose when and how to make it accessible. If he wants to make it a bigger story, he can release it exclusively to only one media agency (or one newspaper) knowing the high likelihood it will be positioned on the front page.

- Another form is a press conference. It is an escalation over a press release. It signals a personal involvement where the person is identified with the message. The press conference or interview must be used ideally to present a piece of information. Hence ideas nced to be expressed in a form that will be usable on T.V. Sentences need to be short, specific and expressivc. The time slot may be very short and there is need lo make full use of every second available.

Television is good at conveying impressions, but less so at conveying detailed facts. However, one must make full use of every invitation to appear on television, as it is always good practice and an opportunity to express one's ideas. Smiling is an excellent tactic in response to hard questions, and it also makes one appear friendly. Motion gets magnified on T.V. and is highly expressive. However, it is important to remain cool and appear confident - criteria not obviously mastered by Jordanian officials. There needs to be a coherence between the visual image, tone of voice, and message to be delivered. Looking at the camera, and hence the viewer, will add a stronger message to a 'punsb line." particularly that reporters for their "theatre" and their "drama" would try to diven one's attention away from the camera, in order to be able to edit and choose the particular shot they like best. It is also more natural to talk to the reporter than keep looking at the viewer. A pause can sometimes be an answer by itself. It is a provocative resource though and will allow the person to think more thoroughly about the question asked and its best possible answer. Staying with the message is important so as not to allow journalists to add to the

One must always recognise that opportunities hardly recur. When we deal with the media, we need to do things right the first time. We need to send our strongest possible message. We need to think of every opportunity as the only opportunity, presenting our ideas in the best possible manner by being firm but remaining friendly. It was Martin Linsky of Harvard University who once said: "Being friendly with the press is an advantage, being friends is an illusion."

Germany passes judgment on unity 19 times this year

By Tom Heneghan Reuter

BONN - Germany passes judgment this year on its reunification in 19 of the most unpredictable elections that this orderly country has ever seen.

Helmut Kohl, the Christian Democrat (CDU) chancellor who was reelected in 1990 soon after merging East and West Germany, could find himself turned out of office in October by voters fed up with his weak leadership since then.

By the same token, the fresh-faced Social Democrat (SPD1 challenger Rudolf Scharping could see his present lead in the opinion polls evaporate if an economic recovery later in the year helps voters forget their discontent.

Other potential factors that could huffet the body politic include resurgent Russian nationalism, a revival of reform communists in Eastern Germany or more neo-Nazi

Voting for bodies as far away as the European Parliament or as close as the local town council will be overshadowed by the economic problems that have emerged since unity, such as record unemployment and soaring state spending in the east.

This is no year for political softies," warns Finance Minister Theo Waigel.

A diplomat with long experience in Germany observed: "This country is in a quite extraordinary state of anxiety. There is a tremendous desire for change. But when people go into the booth, they may fall back on Adenauer's idea — no experiments," he said, referring to slogan of Chancellor Konrad Adenauer's successful 1957 reelection campaign.

Sit at 1990, frustrated voters have uprooted some of the traditional moorings of the

political system by abstaining in growing numbers or casting protest votes on the left and

The only thing most Germans would bet on now is that the polls will fracture the political landscape even more, forcing the two big parties the CDU and the SPD - into a grand coalition to avoid forming a government with any fringe parties.
"That would still not be a

situation like the Weimar Republic in 1930 or 1932." Roman Herzog, chief justice of the supreme coun, remarked recently in comparing 1994 and the uncertainty preceding the Nazi third reich in 1933.

"But it would be exactly like the situation in 1920, when the (centrist) Weimar coalition took office and came under nopulist fire from both the right and the left."

The year's first opinion poll of 1994, an Emmid survey for N-TV Television, showed 39 per cent support for the SPD. 5 per cent for the CDU and its Bavarian sister party the Christian Social Union (CSU), 10 per cent for the liberal Free Democratic Party (FDP) and 11 per cent for the Greens. In 1990 the Greens fell short of the minimum five per cent return needed to enter parliament in Bonn.

The far-right republicans and the reform Communist Party of Democratic Socialism (PDS) would get only three per cent each, the poll said. In 1990, the CDU/CSU won 43.8 per cent, the SPD 33.5 per cent and the FDP II per cent.

Mr. Kohl, reelected three times since 1982, brushes off current talk of a "Twilight of the chancellor" and says the only poll he cares about is the clection itself. This year's election

marathon will culminate in

October with the national poll.

This will follow the vote for a new president in May, June's Parliament, seven state assembly polls and local votes in ninc states. Many races will be cliffhangers. Spread out over seven Sun-

days through the year, they could ereate a "snowball effect" for or against Mr. Kohl roughly similar to the way U.S. presidential campaigns build up through primary elections towards the final votc. Mr. Kohl wants to continue his coalition with the small

FDP but opinion polls consistently say they will not win enough together for another

Given so many variables. Bonn pundits have come up with all sorts of scenarios for 1994. The two most plausible

- Mr. Kohl heads a grand coalition: if his centre-right coalition loses its majority but the CDU remains Germany's largest party. Mr. Kohl would form a CDU-SPD coalition with the pragmatic Scharping as his deputy. Many in the CDU privately expect this to happen.

- Mr. Scharping heads a grand coalition: if the SPD overtakes the CDU, Mr. Kohl would bow out and CDU parliamentary leader Wotfgang Schaeuble or Saxony state Premicr Kurt Bicdenkopf might become deputy to Mr. Scharping. Mr. Scharping denies he is aiming for this but his strategy points this way.

Many in the SPD want to team up with the Greens or even form a "traffic light coalition" of the "red" SPD, the Greens and the FDP, whose colour in Germany's political rainbow is yellow.

A "rcd-green" alliance seems unlikely to win a majority while the "traffic light"

option, although mathemati-cally possible, would create a hornet's nest of rival policies and politicians that Mr. Scharping would probably pre-

fer to avoid. The main dates to watch will

- March 13: the CDU risks starting the year with a stinging defeat in the Lower Saxony state poll. If SPD Premier Gerhard Schroeder keeps the CDU down to a third of the vote, CDU liherals could launch a "dump Kohl" drive. Almost nobody sees Mr. Kohl stepping down but he could be weakened by a controversy.

- May 23: the votc for a new president by a special assembly of federal and regional legislators could foreshadow CDU-SPD grand coalition. Mr. Kohl's first choice. Steffer Heitmann, had to pull out after an uproar over his right-wing views. He has not yet named anyone to oppose popular SPD candidate Johannes Rau. Another mistake here could help shift power towards the

- June 12: the European Parliament poll is a key barometer of protest voting. A strong showing by the Republians, who got 7.1 per cent in 1989. - uld mean they might enter the Bonn parliament in October and make a grand coalition unavoidable.

- Sept. 25: the CSU, sister party to Mr. Kohl's CDU and his coalition partner in Bonn, will try to defend its slim absolute majority in Bavaria and keep far-right votes down in single-digit levels. Failure on either count would be a bad omen for the chancellor so near to a national poll. The government has yet to

decide on which Sunday in

October to hold the national

election but most bets are on

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The PLO negotiating team led by Dr. Saath arrived in Taba first and was awaiting the Israeli delegation headed by the deputy chief of staff. General Amnon Shahak.

An informal get-together was to be held later Sunday. Israeli Housing Minister Benyamin Ben Eliezer said he hoped "the Palestinians will understand at the Taba talks that Israel has decided not to vield on security matters and wants progress toward ap-plying the accord with the PLO."

Foreign Minister Shimon Peres said last week that a "long list" of problems remained to be resolved and that a quick signing of an agreement depended on the Palesti-

Mr. Sarid meanwhile criticised Culture and Telecommunications Minister Shulamit Aloni for saying that the Netzarim settlement in the Gaza Strip should be dismantled.

"For now there is absolutely no question of dismantling or transferring Jewish settlements," he said.

Deputy Defence Minister Motta Gur also said Sunday that "current talks with the PLO will in no way affect security for Israeli settlers, induding those at Netzarim, no matter how many troops Israel must maintain.

"All Israeli settlements will remain in place during the (five-year) interim period of Palestinian autonomy." he

Official Israeli sources said the coordinator of Israeli activities in the occupied territories, General Danny Rothschild, presented the cabinet with a bleak picture of the occupied territories. Pledges of financial aid from

around the world have had little effect on the territories' economy and Palestinian support for the autonomy accord was slipping away as unemployment and poverty in-

A right-wing Israeli opposition parliamentarian said Saturday that the army is preparing to leave Gaza City next month under autonomy arrangements.

The operation codenamed Rainbow Colours" will start Feb. 11 and take one month and two days. Eliezer Zaiberg of the ultra-nationalist Tsomet Party said. "It's not just a draft. Explicit orders have been sent already."

An Israeli military source denied that such a date had been set but 10ld AFP the army "had prepared redeploy-ment plans for the Gaza

King names new panel

(Continued from page I) solution to the problem of Jerusalem and the holy site and tbus abort hostile designs aimed at stealing the city from the Arab and Muslim peoples' hands," the King said.

King Hussein made it clear in his message that Jordan seeks no profits or influence "but it seeks peace and right and justice and the attainment of the higher national in-

terests.' We see in the city of Jerusalem a focal point for unifying Arab and Muslim people's efforts, drawing them nearer to one another because we believe that this city should not be one for differences among tbem," he said.

He said: "The re-formation of the Royal Commission for Jerusalem Affairs should serve as one of the important guarantees needed for this lack and to shoulder the heavy responsibilities entrusted to it under the present critical circumstances. It should be backed materially and provided with all means enabling it to pursue its studies and research work in historic legal and Islamic fields related to Al Quds

Al Sharif." Furthermore, he said, the commission should concert its efforts with those of universities and other research centres in Jordan and abroad and "must build bridges of conperation with them and should highlight the Jordanian Hashemites' distinguished and pioneering role in spearheading efforts to preserve the Arab and Islamic character of Jerusalem with all its Islamic

and Christian sites. The King named the following members of the commission, which he said would be chaired by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan:

Abdul Rahman Suareddahab, Ahmad Al Ibrabimi, Ahmad Al Khalili, Mohammad Al Salami, Mohammad Othmani, Fadel Husseini Al Jilani, Ismail Akwaa, Abdul Aziz Al Douri, (all from Arab and Islamic countries), the minister of information, the chief justice, the minister of Awgaf and Islamic Affairs, the minister of state for foreign affairs, Dr. Hazem . Nuseibeh Abdullah Salah, Jamal Nasser, Kamel Abu Jaber, Nas-sereddin Al Assad, Bishop Salim Al Sayegh, Bishop Samir Qafeeti, Mohammad Adnan Bakhit, Fr. Costantine Karmash, and Awn Khasawneh.

In his letter, the King wished the new commission success in bandling its duties, pledging that he would provide the commission with all the material support and expertise it might need for its work.

In a separate letter addres-

past years.

Sanaa-based .. Englishsed to Akram Zueiter, the language newspaper. Wearing a wrinkled flight former head of the commission, King Hussein voiced suit with silver pilot's wings, Mr. Hawkins said be and deep appreciation of the outgoing commission's services.
"You have spent many years the other hostages did not

feel threatened. as chairman of the commission Mr. Jackson, 49, a Yemen and pursued with dedication Hunt pipeline manager from and diligence the heavy duties Exeter, England, said: "I just required and the task entrusted want to reassure my family in to the commission," King Hus-Sanaa and also my family in sein said. the U.K. that we're both being

"As you have lately been suffering from ill-health which treated very well and have no prevents you from pursuing the march, I have decided to form complaints. The kidnapping was the latest in a series that began in a new commission grouping an the summer of 1992 and has elite of scholars to shoulder involved dozens of Western this responsibility to work workers and tourists, as well as under the chairmanship of the Crown Prince," King Hussein one diplomat, an American.

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but most importantly effective in

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Supple in it's texture,

miracles - only results.

Mr. Hawkins, Mr. Jackson, King Hussein thanked the former commission members and four Yemenis were taken hostage last Monday after flying out to investigate reports for their dedicated efforts and of an explosion along the oil their acbievements over the company's pipeline.

High Commissioner for Human Rights a milestone for the cause of human rights

By Waleed Sadi

THE DECISION of the United Nations General Assembly during its last session to create the post of High Commissioner for Human Rights was a bit of a surprise given the fact that the Vienna world conference on human rights that was held during last summer turned a thumb down on the idea. When the Vienna conference decided to relegate responsibility on the proposal to the U.N. General Assembly, the clear signal was that the world was not about to accept this old-new concept.

The compromise idea to postpone action on the suggestion till the General Assembly itself has an opportunity to express itself on it had as the underlining motivation to soften the blow of rejection rather than anything else. In retrospect, the endorsement of the proposal to establish a post of High Commissioner for Human Rights was astonishing, to say the

Something must have happened between last June and December to have influenced the international community to effectively change its mind altogether on a concept that may be rightfully construed as a milestone for the human rights cause. What the majority of the international community feared most about upgrading the U.N. involvement in human rights endeavours was that such a step would mean greater interferences with their respective domestic affairs, a very hot issue on which the world was usually divided.

Human Rights File

The developing countries of the world, which comprise the greater majority of the comity of nations, have upbeld a different perspective on the link between economic rights on the one band and political and civil rights on the other. Having sensed that the western perspective of the universality of buman rights was gaining the upper hand in the human rights game between the baves and the have-nots, the poorer nations of the world sought to shelf the idea of greater international involvement in human rights causes altogether for as long as possible. This became clear when the developed nations yielded on the organic link between economic human rights and political rights but refused to compromise on the universality of human rights, irrespective of the so-called special particularities of different cultures in the world.

Where the West may bave compromised was over the link between the post of High Commissioner and the General Assembly where the developing world is beavily represented. By accepting to let the world body itself chose the high commissioner rather than the Security Council for example, the developed countries may have won a temporary fight. As long as the prospective high commissioner comes from the developed states, the majority of the developing countries may feel satisfied and vindicated. The problem may develop

Beedh

stays away

(Continued from page I)

government, have allowed

journalists to tape a television

interview with their Britisb and

Canadian hostages.
Surrounded by dozens of

tribesmen, some brandishing

Kalashnikov rifles, Peter Jack-

son and George Hawkins looked tired and somewhat

"We are bopeful we'll be out

of here soon without any diffi-

culties," said Mr. Hawkins, 43,

a helicopter pilot from Van-

couver, who was on assign-

ment with the Yemen Hunt Oil

The interview was shot

Saturday by Ron Bagnulo, a freelance TV journalist, and Abdul Aziz Al Saqqaf, pub-

lisher of the Yemen Times, a

elsewhere, however, since the West has been able to find an African or Asian or Latin American to lead the U.N. human rights function who is very close to their human rights

On the surface, therefore, the two sides may have scored a point, but in the final analysis the western conception may bave scored more.

What really matters at the end is how this new high commissioner is going to carry out his or her functions in the future. The post of high commissioner is bound to consolidate itself as the years go by and there is every prospect that the eventual bigh commissioner will be able to muster enough strength to bighlight more than ever the international interferences in human rights subjects across the world.

"By accepting to let the world body itself chose the high commissioner rather than the Security Council for example, the developed countries may have won a temporary fight. As long as the prospective high commissioner comes from the developed states, the majority of the developing countries may feel satisfied and vindicated. The problem may develop elsewhere, however, since the West has been able to find an African or Asian or Latin American to lead the U.N. human rights function who is very close to their human rights perspective."

Since the existing binding international treaties or conventions of human rights will be the basis for executing the mandate of the new post, there is no way that the developing countries can succeed in curbing his or her powers to improve human rights anywhere in the world. Yet, this development was expected. When subjects such as refugees have a bigh commissioner to carry out the work load on their bebalf, it would seem sensible to let human rights causes also enjoy the benefit of a very high international figure to pursue them.

· We, in Jordan, bave nothing to fear from the creation of the new post. In fact, the Jordanian delegation to the Vienna world conference on human rights, headed by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, did not reject the idea per se. We called then for accountability by the General Assembly of the U.N. we got this much.

As far back as the seventies, Jordan was among the early sponsors of the proposal as long as it was to be adopted on sensible grounds. This appears to have been accomplished for the moment. Yet, only the future would tell bow reasonable these grounds are. This is where we bave to maintain

moved its remaining interna-

Calm in Kabul, tension elsewhere

(Continued from page I) tional personnel, from Kabul to Pakistan.

On Sunday, a team travelled to Jalalabad, about 120 kilometres east of Kabul, to try to gauge the needs of tens of thousands of residents who fled the capital during the Iull in fighting.

Many of the refugees hud-

dling along roadsides against the bitter cold, having fled Kabul with whatever they

could carry. "It it true that an extension to the temporary ceasefire has been agreed until this evening," presidential spokesman Abdul Aziz Murad said, "It presidential spokesman was agreed at the request of Pakistan and Iran.

Pakistan's charge d'affaires in Kabul, Tarik Azizuddin. said his government bad called for an extension of the ceasefire through the Afghan ambassador in Islamabad hoping the time could be used to find a negotiated end to the factional fighting.
"We are extremely happy to

note that the response has been positive from both sides,"

He said the plans were to be

implemented only if Israel and

the PLO reached an agree-

ment, adding that several

issues had yet to be discussed.

Eliezer meanwhile reviewed a

road plan for the West Bank

and Gaza that will allow Jewish

settlers to circumvent areas of

Palestinian autonomy, Israel

Mr. Ben-Eliezer was con-

firming Friday's TV report that at the cost of two hillion

shekels (\$666 million). Israel

plans to pave 650 kilometres of

new roads to minimise friction

between Jewish settlers and

the Palestinians, the report

to approve the plan and set

priorities, according to the

The defence ministry needs

Television said.

television.

Housing Minister Ben-

But Mr. Murad ruled out a permanent ceasefire with former communist northern warlord General Abdul Rashid Dostum, who launched a grab at power at dawn on New Year's Day with a blistering bombardment of Kabul.

However, Mr. Murad said there could be a permanent ceasefire with Prime Minister Gulbuddin Hekmatyar, Mr. Rabbani's arch-rival now in an alliance with Gen. Dostum.

No comment was immediately available from Gen. Dostum and Mr. Hekmatyar. Sources in Mr. Hekmatyar's Hezb-e-Islami party said in the northwestern Pakistani town of Peshawar that Mr. Dostum's

jets bombed the government's

Bagram airbase, north of Kabul, on Sunday morning. Pakistani and Iranian embassies are among five foreign missions still operating in Kabul after the evacuation of several diplomats during Saturday's ceasefire.

Government denies 'concessions'

(Continued from page 1)

Dr. Anani, that the economic monetary and financial comagreement "was not wholly im- mittee will be set up to cooperplementable before the PLO ate in both countries in order takes

ground. Jordan, he said, took into account the Palestinian argument but still wanted to "set the rules for economic dealings between Jordan and Palestine within the framework of what can be implemented if we take into account the situation in the occupied territories."

Jordan, Dr. Anani added, felt that there had to be a Jordanian-Palestinian accord that would allow both sides to negotiate with Israel "with this accord back in their minds."

Critics of the accord, such as Dr. Fanek, charge that the accord did not meet minimum coordination requirements and that the stipulation that Jordanian banks can open branches in the occupied territories could have "been taken for granted because Israel, the actual authority, approved it."

Saying that the accord amounted to "a contract to enter into a contract, which is of course no contract," Dr. Fanek lambasted the accord as "hollow."

"It serves to document a lack of real agreement," Dr. Fanek said adding that the "level of conperation in the agreement is lower than the level of cooperation with the U.K., which allowed Jordanian banks to operate in Britain indefinitely and would welcome joint investments and

consultations any time." Dr. Fanek argued that when the accord allowed the Jordanian dinar to continue in circulation as a currency it did not provide for anything positive. Even Israel did not outlaw the dinar during 27 years of occupation. The new thing here is that use of the dinar will be discontinued as soon as a Palestiman currency is issued, and that other Arab and international currencies will also be

Dr. Anani, in his briefing to journalists, dwelled on this particular point as one that had both an economic and political message. Dr. Anani argued that if the Palestinian authority only allowed a Jordanian currency to be used "it could be understood to be a sign of Jordanian authority.'

Allowing other Arab and international currencies to be in circulation in territories. under Palestinian authority, Dr. Anani said, is dictated by reality and therefore the accord specified that "a joint

to agree on financial, monetary and banking policies during the Palestinian interim period, and until the central Palestinian monetary authority is established."

The accord continues that the "two sides also agree to cooperate in order to maintain the value of the Jordanian dinar and exchange rates and manner of dealing with these correncies.'

"This stipulation guarantees that policies that will hurt or adversely affect our monetary policies or currency will not be agreed upon," Dr. Anani said. He also said that the accord

was specific in allowing the use of "Arab and international currencies" which precludes the use of the Israeli shekel which is neither Arab nor international. But he said Jordan under-

stood that it could not insist on the use of the Jordanian dinar as the only currency in circulation when "the Egyptian pound is being used in the Gaza Strip. Any country in the world deals with international currencies in trading." But it is issues like this one,

and the more pressing issue of Palestinian refugees with Jordanian or Egyptian travel documents, which bas made Jordan accept the formation of a four-member committee that would include Jordan, the PLO, Egypt and Israel to discuss issues interlinked among the four countries, according to the minister.

Although the four-member committee has yet to be formed, Dr. Anani said, it had become apparent that the four parties bave to coordinate on monetary as well as refugee

Dr. Fanek's argument that the accord only called for the establishment of a committee to encourage trade exchange" rather than specifically calling for "a unified market as the public was told," was also refuted by Dr. Anani's explanation of working within the "realm of what is possible."

"What we aimed for is to put in place an economic accord that would set the principles of coordination between Jordan and Palestine that would take into account whether it can be implemented or not," Dr.

Anant said. He explained that some stipulations of the accord, such as the one on opening banks branches in the territories, "could be implemented im-

mediately and that is why we are moving on it." He said that in other sectors,

such as trade, there were problems on the ground that were directly tied to Israeli occupation and the delay in the transfer of authority. "Trade from the West Bank

to Jordan is now in place, but trade in the opposite direction is facing problems as a result of the Israeli occupation," Dr. Anani explained. "What the accord did was to

set the principles that Jordanians and Palestinians agree on but that cannot be implemented until the negotiations with Israel are concluded," Dr. Anani said.

"Some things can be implemented now and other things can only be implemented later but we have set the general arrangements for them in this accord," he explained.

Dr. Anani also pointed out that because of the multifaceted intricacies of the Jordan-PLO accord, Jordan realises that at one point "there will be a need for the three to sit together," - Jordan, PLO and Israel. He said he did not know when this need would be translated into practical steps but that the issues on the table indicate that "the issues before us may require sitting down and discus-

sing them together." Sultan Hattab, a columnist for Al Ra'i newspaper who is close to the Majali govern-ment, wrote Sunday that the agreement 'boosts Jordan's political credibility, strengthens the value of the dinar and opens the doors for future cooperation." Mr. Hattab said the government and the prime minister were keen on reaching the agreement and had carefully chosen the team that negotiated with the Palestinians.

He said that the agreement should serve as a model for other Arab countries to emulate since agreement among Arabs helps the Palestinian negotiators.

Mr. Hattab said that after the King's speech earlier this month Jordanian and Palestinian politicians, thinkers, parliamentarians, bankers and businessmen started urgent consultations that helped lead

to the agreement. He said that Jordanian and Palestinian negotiators had "dealt a blow to the economic annex to the Palestinian-Israeli declaration of principles" and replaced it with a Jordanian-Palestinian agreement.

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South Asian economies seen gathering pace in '94

economies, stimulated by a series of region-wide reforms that have unshackled business and liberalised currency reg-'ulations, will gather pace in 1994, posting growth averaging above five per cent, analysts

JCWith the winds of liberalisa-Tion sweeping the sub-Continent, the economies of Pakistan, India, Sri Lanka and Bangladesh are on an upswing despite being burdened with one of the highest rates of

boverty in the world.

While still lagging behind the more dynamic economies of East Asia, the South Asian region of 1.2 billion people febresents one of the world's biggest consumer markets.
Tindia is opening up as one of the world's major customers

Tot power companies, infras-

iructure builders, aircraft and telecommunications. Pakistan has privatised many

state industries, and despite a Tamil separatist revolt Sri Lanka is attracting renewed investment.

Across the sub-continent. governments have adopted a series of market-oriented reforms to reduce protectionism. unshackle industry and trade, and ease currency restrictions.

Even Bangladesh, once regarded as hopelessly aiddependent, has made its currency convertible on current

While still plagued by widespread corruption and red tane, entrepreneurs now have fewer hurdles to cross. Stock markets throughout the region, spurred on by strong foreign investor interest, have

The U.N. Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP) says the Indian sub-continent grew by an estimated 4.9 per cent in 1'93 with India, boosted by 20 p:r cent export growth, ex-p cted to achieve 5.2 per cent

"Policies aimed at stabilisation and structural adjustment should allow the economies of both Bangladesh and Pakistan to grow by more than five per cent in 1994," the Bangkokbased agency said in its annual

the region are concerned about a revival of inflation and continued high interest rates. which often are above 15 per

Governments throughout

Improved political stability and lower global oil prices are

helping local economies. But despite growing industrialisation and growth in trade, much still depends on the weather and the annual monsoon rains.

After four good monsoons, India's economy is forecast 10 grow by 4.5 per cent in the current year ending March and more than 5.0 per cent in the following year.

The Pakislan government forecasts that real growth in gross domestic product (GDP) will rise by 5.6 per cent in fiscal 1993/94 (July/June), lower than the targeted 7.5 per cent because of damage to the cotton and wheat crops, but well up on last year's record low 3.0

per cent. Economists say Pakistan has transformed its economy into one of the most open in the region, but argue a few areas

"Tariff reforms are vilal." said economist Hafeez Pasha. who as commerce minister in

the previous, caretaker government introduced an ambilious package to reduce tariffs to a maximum of 50 per cent from the current 92 per cent over the next three years.

India's Finance Minister Manmohan Singh is also expected to give a new impetus to the country's reforms in a national budget to be presented in mid-February.

But Janata Party leader and former commerce minister Subramaniam Swamy said he is not going fast enough.

"What we need is radical steps like opening of free ports, cutting taxes and listing of 70 per cent of the shares of

slock market," he said.

Bangladesh's GDP grew hy 4.3 per cent in 1992/93 (July-June) compared with 4.2 per cen1 the previous year, and is expecied to post faster growth in the current year because of a favourable trade balance. according to the central bank.

Sri Lanka, which has long had a more open economy than the rest of South Asia, is projected to post six per cent growth in 1994 against 5.6 per cent last year, according to central bank governor H. B. Dissanayake.

The only problem has been defence spending to contain a Tamil separatist revolt. The spending has been as high as 4-5 per cent of GDP, "If not for the war, we could grow by 10 per cent a year," one senior

Arab Gulf stock markets shrug off oil price decline

ABU DHABI (AFP) - A sharp decline in oil prices is forcing Arab Gulf states to slash spending but it has had no impact on their burgeoning stock markets, dealers have

Except for Saudi Arabia, the share indices in the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) hit a record level in 1993 and market capitalisation of trading institutions in some members soared by more than

20 per cent. The oil price fall has had no effect on the stock markets because most trading institutions still expected to make higher profits and their sbare yield has remained more profitable than other investment fields," said Zuhair Kaswani, a leading United Arab Emirates (UAE) stockbroker.

"But the markets could be affected if governments are forced to sharply cut development projects due to the decline in oil prices because state spending is still the main element in economic activity in

Oil prices have remained more than \$6 per barrel below OPEC's target of \$21 due to oversupply and other factors.

GCC states - Saudi Arabia. Bahrain, Qatar, Oman, Kuwait and the UAE - are the worst hit by oil market instability given their heavy reliance on crude exports, which account for more than 80 per cent of their total ex-

The oil price drop has forced Saudi Arabia, the world's top crude exporter and producer, to slash its 1994 budget by

nearly 20 per cent to \$42.7 billion.

Oman also cut spending to \$5.3 billion from \$5.5 billion while other GCC members have yet to release their 1994

The 1,000-point share index in the UAE, which has the second largest stock market, jumped by around 22 per cent to 2,025.36 on Jan. 1, from 1,650.25 on the first day of

The market capitalisation of its 60 banks and companies increased by 25 per cent to \$10.3 billion from \$8.2 billion, over the same period.

In Oman, the share index

rose only slightly to 113.71 from 113.01, but turnover jumped by 66 per cent to \$182 million from \$109.2 million. Bahrain's index soared by 41g.8 points to 1,928.31.

Kuwait's market, once the busiest in the Middle East, is still recovering from the 1990 Iraqi invasion. Dealing in Oatar has remained negligible as there is no stock exchange and the number of trading institutions is limited.

In Saudi Arabia, the share index lost 9.54 points to reach 188.87 points on Dec. 30 after steady rises in the past few

Turnover, however, registered a record \$4.65 billion in 1993, compared to \$3.6 billion in 1992 and \$2.26 billion in "The decline in the Saudi

share index has nothing to do with the fall in oil prices," said Ziad Dabbas, sharedealing director at the National Bank of Abu Dhabi.

Japan's vehicle sales dip to six-year low

TOKYO (AFP) - Motor vehicle sales in Japan dipped for the third consecutive year In 1993 to a six-year low point of 4.887.179 units, reflecting the prolonged recession, an

industry report has said. The 1993 figure, which was down by 8.4 per cent from the figure in 1992, was the lowest annual total since 1987 when sales came to 4,344,000 units. the Japan Automobile Dealers Association said in the report. Sales of imported vehicles grew 9.1 per cent to 201,484 units, the report said.

In December alone, motor vehicle sales dropped 11.1 per cent from a year earlier to \$45,715 units for the ninth straight year-on-year decline. the association said.

The statistics exclude sales I mini-cars with an engine tolacement of 660 cc or less. It was the first time in five ears that the annual total diped below five million but the eport forecast that 1994 sales fould manage to reach about we million "despite a tough fruation prevailing January

The association hoped that car users would finally decide to buy new models and that an expected cut in income taxes

would spur automobile sales. By category, 1993 sales of passenger cars dropped 6.9 per cent from 1992 to 3.427.088 units. Of them, cars with an engine displacement of more than 2,000 cc accounted for 683,763 units, down 4,2 per cent from the year earlier, and smaller cars 2,743,325 units, down 7.5 per cent.

Sales of trucks were down 11.7 per cent to 1,441,066 units and those of buses down by

11.8 per cent to 19.025. By maker, Toyota's sales dropped by 7.7 per cent to 2,057,813 units for a 42.1 per cent share of the 1993 total

Nissan followed with 1,09g.481 units, down by 8.4 per cent from 1992, for a share of 22.5 per cent. Mitsubishi was third with 458.685 units. down by 7.2 per cent, and Honda fourth with 344,126 units, down by 14.9 per cent.

World Bank spending criticised despite cuts in first class travel

WASHINGTON (AP) - The World Bank expects to save \$7 million in 1994 by allowing only President Lewis Preston to fly first class, but a U.S. senator who has made himself the bank's gadfly says its spending is still too high.

"If the bank required all its employees to travel economy class, it would save \$30 million a year." said Senator Hank Brown, a member of the Foreign Relations Committee, in a statement.

The bank is owned by 177 countries, with the U.S. government holding the largest block of shares. The bank lends nearly \$25 billion a year. the biggest source of aid to

developing countries. It made a profit of \$1.1 billion in the year that ended last June 30 after spending \$1.4 billion on its own costs of

operation. Senator Claiborne Pell, chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, Mr. Brown, and other senators have complained about administrative costs at the bank and its sister organisation in Washington, the International Monetary

Along with the new travel rules allowing only business class seats on long trips, the bank is also banning stays by its staff at 57 of the world's most expensive hotels, including the Ritz in Paris, the Savoy in London, the Richemonde in Geneva, the Mandarin in Hong Kong and the Ana in

Senator Brown had a list of other complaints about the - The bank needs an inde-

pendent inspector general to root out "waste, fraud, abuse and mismanagement." - Tax-free World Bank salaries average \$123,000 a

World Bank chief spokesman Tim Cullen answered the former accusation by saying an independent audil board is

On pay, Mr. Cullen said, employees of all international organisations are traditionally tax-free in the host country. Most governments - the United States is an exception do not tax their citizens who work abroad.

Starting pay at the bank is \$16,350 a year and Mr. Preston gets \$165,910 - considerably less than his former salary as a top executive at J.P. Morgan, he said.

But among U.S. commercial banks, World Bank pay is considered good, especially for economists, said John Haseltine of the Institute of International Finance. His organisation groups major internation-

Mr. Brown also said the bank is building a "Taj Mahal" of a new headquarters. Costs are running nearly 50 per cent over estimates, while there is plenty of vacant office space in Washington. He also said the bank's annual overhead of \$1.4

from beautiful, Mr. Cullen said that despite the overhead, the bank still makes money. The big increase was due in part to the opening of relations with countries of eastern Europe and the former Soviet Union, which

Mr. Cullen replied that the

land for the new headquarters

already belongs to the bank.

Owning is cheaper than rent-

ing, even with the cost over-

runs. The buildings are stan-

dard American office build-

ings, fairly austere and far

increase will be smaller in future years. Mr. Brown: The majority of the bank's employees have

required big expenditures for

travel and new offices. The

country club privileges, Mr. Cullen: Only 200 families of the bank's 7,000 employees have the privilege and pay an unsubsidised \$1,880 a year for it. The "recreational facility" was set up by the International Monetary Fund,

being appointed. billion increased 11 per cent in South Africa urged to learn from U.S. rise to prosperity

Slates' rise to prosperily from The Great Depression, Finance

Roosevelt told Americans they had "nothing to fear but fear

per capita that this world has seen," he added.

published in the prominent local magazine Finance Week.

tor uncertainties, and violence, broke out of a five-year decline to post estimated growth of one per cent in 1993. Economists see this doubling

in 1994, but warn that recovery will be slow and fragile during and beyond the transition to the country's first all-race elections on April 27.

Mr. Keys listed 23 key areas of improvement over the past year in the conomy. At home these included bringing the budget under control, falling inflation, interest rate cuts,

equities and gilts.

Abroad, they included an end to major remaining sanctions by the United Nations and the United States, renewed access to the International Monetary Fund, major tariff rationalisation with leading trading partners, and a final agreement on foreign debt subject to reseheduling arrangements since 1985.

He described as "doubly disappointing" however, an accelerated flight of short term capital last year, which official figures show totalled 9.4 billion rand (\$3.0 billion) in the first nine months.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR MONDAY JANUARY 10, 1994

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation GENERAL TENDENCIES: with associates and let them During the early part of the day when there are no aspects you may be inclined 10 think in a

you apply a more constructive ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Private worries can only be eliminated by doing something constructive about them quickly. Be sure tonight you take health

negative manner about problems

that have come up but later no

irealments you need and wardrobe in good order. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) The ideal day to perfect hobbies with relatives, friends, youngesters, et al. However, don't be

stubborn or expect others to be

better than they are. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) II would be well to explain to fami ly why it is important to be out in the business world so much in order to get worldly affairs ameliorated, otherwise you lose their confidence and respect.

MOON CHILDREN: |June 22 to July 211 Keep your mind fixed on new outlets and how they can be made to operate efficiently, as well as geiting associates to understand and accept them. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) See that you budget your income more wisely so that you are sure

of gening obligations paid and investments covered for the fu-VIRGO: | August 22 to September 221 Be specific and honest know just what you expect within the partnership. Greater coop-eration all around will result. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Important you elear up

all those small bills and tasks before you carry through with the big plans for expansion you have in mind. SCORPIO: (October 23 to

November 21) Every chance is with persons whose background and ideas are similar to your, this will allow you to obtain success. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 2)) Impress upon business associates that you family life means a great deal to you and it is impossible to devote

yourself exclusively to business. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) A fine day and night to raise your level of conscious-ness so that you make more headway in whatever happens to

he your special talents. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 191 While you love 10 help others and be truly magnanimous. This is one of those days when you must firmly decide to help yourself, increase income and leisure so that you can truly be humanilarian.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Take time to reach a far better understanding with associales or fellow workers so that the future is more successful and harmonious

Europe enters new era as EMI goes into operation FRANKFURT (R) - Europe 1his year.

enters a new financial era this rgely symbolic - meeting of European Monetary Instiute (EMI), the forerunner of a iture European central bank. EMI President Alexandre amfalussy will chair the MI's first meeting in Frankert, the controversial site posen for the new agency and e future central bank after a ong and bitter contest beween London and Germany's friancial capital.

But subsequent meetings are expected to be held in Basle. Switzerland until the EMI finds permanent accommodation in Frankfurt. That could take until the second half of

Ł

THE BETTER HALF

Unscramble these four Jumbles one letter to each square, to four ordinary words

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KEPOD

BRAKEM

TAMMOR

Print answer here:

Yesterday's Jumbles: BERTH OAKEN

Answer. How the tourists described their stop in

"Stanley! It's not polite to burp

in the middle of a kiss!"

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
; by Henri Armold and Mile Arginon

At Tuesday's meeting, the EMI council, ma up of Mr. Lamfalussy and the governors of the European Union central banks, will choose a deputy to the president from among the ranks of the central bank

One European monetary official said the meeting would otherwise be a "symbolic show of support for the EM1's new location in Frankfurt."

At a news conference after the meeting, Mr. Lamfalussy, a respected Belgian monetary expert. is, however, expected to map out his agenda for the

By Harris

EMI. The creation of the EMI coincides with the start of the

WHAT THE COP

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Now arrange the circled letters to

(Answers tomorrow

BELIEF PURVEY

second stage of European economic and monelary union (EMU), during which E.U. nations will strive for greater coordination of policies before the final creation of a single currency.

The inauguration also comes only five months after the virtual collapse of the European monetary system, which was all but blown apart by speculators last summer.

It will be up to Mr. Lamfalussy to help restore the ctedibility of the system. He also has the delicate task of fostering coordination of monetary policies while not allowing the EMI to encroach on the independence of the individual central banks.

OKAY CHUCK .. HEADS OR

TAILS .. YOU CALL IT ..

Peanuts

JOHANNESBURG (R) — "We have this opportunity gains in fixed investment, and south Africa, with majority loo," he said in a message renewed foreign buying of rule in sight, has the opportunity to emulate the United The economy, sapped by sanctions, political and inves-

Minister Derek Keys has said. The country, as it entered 1994 following its longest recession this century, was in much the same situation as the U.S. when president Franklin

itself." he said. "The Americans began thereafter to pull themselves out of the Great Depression and started one of the greatest series of increase in real wealth



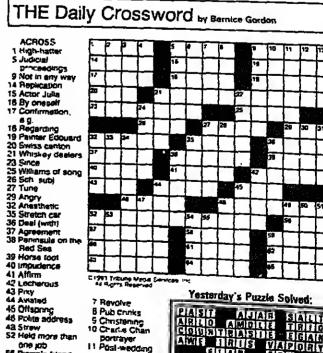


Andy Capp



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Turkey to curb imports to cut current account gap

ANKARA (R) — Turkey, grappling with a record trade and current account deficits. will act soon to tighten supervision of imports, treasury, officials have said.

"We have prepared two de-crees. They will be put into effect soou," said one official,

who declined to be named. He said Turkey would monitor imports from individual countries and warn them when their exports harmed Turkisb producers or when bilateral trade swung sharply against

"Under the new system, we may call specific countries for negotiations to correct trade imbalances and ask for a cut in their exports to Turkey, another treasury official said.

The decrees envisage a monitoring system, which would include an inspection council and a requirement for state organisations to obtain prior permits for imports.

Officials said Turkey would also demand that imported goods meet recognised international standards. Local producers are worried about cheap, low-quality goods flooding their market.

Last month Turkey cut customs taxes and levies on imports of about 16,000 items from European Union (E.U.) and European Free Trade Area (EFTA) members as part of its transition to a customs union with the 12-member E.U. in 1995.

Turkey bas pledged to re-

move all tariff and non-tariff barriers against E.U. products in 1995. About half of Turkey's trade is with E.U. members.

The latest tariff cuts have raised fears that they will lead to a further deterioration in Turkey's balance of trade.

"They will obviously boost imports. Since no major measures have been taken to support exports, these cuts will widen the trade deficit," Ayhan Copur, secretary general of the Turkish Foreign Trade Association, told Reu-

The trade deficit widened to \$11.3 billion in the first 10 months, up 82.2 per cent from the same 1992 period. Imports rose 29 per cent to \$23.5 billion while exports increased only

1.4 per cent to \$12.1 billion. Officials say the import decrees will also belp curb a current account deficit which rose to \$4.8 billion in the first nine months, compared to \$777 million in the same 1992

Turkey plans to tackle the other half of the trade balance equation by seeking and developing new export markets, especially in the Middle East, Prime Minister Tansu Ciller's foreign policy adviser Volkan

"In the 1980s almost 40 per cent of our exports were to the Middle East, but our share has dropped considerably. Now we want to get it back," he told

Saudis offer 14 projects in industrialisation drive

ABU DHABI (Agencies) — Saudi Arabia has invited investors from its wealthy Gulf neighbours to examine 14 new projects worth nearly \$500 million as part of an industrialisation drive to lessen reliance on unstable oil earnings, the regional press has reported.

The kingdom will present the 14 projects at a seminar in Jeddah Tuesday and their costs are estimated at 1.8 billion Saudi rivals (\$480 million). They cover petrochemicals, chemicals, metals, plastic and

They will provide 806 jobs and their investment yield ranges between 20 and 37 per cent, the papers said.

The projects are part of Saudi Arabia's campaign to expand its industrial sector and reduce dependence on oil, which provides the bulk of its

The world's leading oil exporter and producer has spumped more than \$30 billion into industrial projects and last year it announced new incentives to foreign investors in that sector.

The value added in the nonoil industries stood at \$7.2 billion in 1992 compared with around \$6 billion in 1985, according to official Arab fi-

Other Gulf states have launched an industrialisation drive given their limited farming and tourism potentials. But industries bave remained confined to such light products as chemicals, cement, aluminum, paper, and clothes.

Meanwhile, the value of Saudi Arabia's imports from other Gulf Arab states shot up 12.6 per cent to 2.9 billion Saudi riyals (\$773 million) in the first half of 1993, a UAEbased newspaper has said. More than two-thirds of

Saudi imports from GCC states

came from the UAE.

be implemented at the start of 1995," it said. "This will contribute to a timely release of the budget, ensure financing for all economic activities and achieve

The Best Oriental Food in Town

United Arab Emirates (UAE)

should introduce a five-year

plan to improve domestic de-

velopment and tackle annual

budget problems, the official news agency WAM bas said.

The proposal in the latest in

a series of calls by local offi-cials and experts for a five-year

plan, which will be based

heavily on oil exports, the life-

line of the economy in the UAE and other Gulf states.

"The present economic,

political and social circumst-

ances are right for releasing the

federal budget in time and

mapping out the first five-year

development plan that could

that will enable the UAE to enter the next century with firm steps," it added.
The UAE charted its first

UAE urged to introduce

five-year development plan

five-year development plan in 1980 but it was shelved due to sharp finctuations in oil prices. Economic growth depends heavily on government spend-ing given the relatively small contribution by the private sec-tor. But delays in the release of

the annual budget have burt development by bolding up some projects. Official sources said the delays were because some federal ministries present their draft budgets late while others demand higher allocations.

But they noted an improve-ment in this situation, with the budget being released in the first quarter in the past three years instead of the year end.

'This is because the finance ministry bas warned them it will itself assess their budgets if they exceed the deadline," one source said.

UAE minister of state for financial and industrial affairs Ahmad Al Tayer said last week the federal budget would be issued in the next two weeks after all ministries had submitted their draft budgets.

But be admitted some of them bad again demanded more allocations despite a sbarp decline in oil prices. He said this pushed up the draft 1994 budget to around 20 bil-lion dirhams (\$5.44 billion).

"The ministry bad to return those budgets to the ministries for revision," he said, adding the budget was revised down to its 1993 level of 17.6 billion In theory, the UAE federal budget is financed by half of the income of each of the country's seven emirates but in practice all the funds come

from the oil producing mem-

bers Abu Dhabi and Dubai. Like other Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) states, the UAE has sharply cut spending over the past decade to tackle a budget deficit caused by the oil price fall. But the shortfall has persisted in all member states which fear further spending reductions could barm de-

velopment. Oman is the only GCC country to enforce five-year development plan, based mainly on oil revenues. The other members Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain and Qatar depend on annual budget alloca-

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Black industrialists blast Zimbabwe banks

HARARE (R) - Black industrialists bave accused foreignowned banks in Zimbabwe of stifling their efforts to share in an economy still run by whites 14 years after independence.

A campaign waged through vitriolic advertisements in newspapers is backed by President Robert Mugabe's govern-Black business leaders say

the banks deliberately deny them loans for projects. The banks say blacks lack collateral and their projects are not vi-Blacks have received \$158

loaned to various sectors in recent years, the banks say. tion of funds in a country where 99 per cent of the population is black," said an

million of the \$732 million

advert placed by businessmen

The advert accused the

in the Sunday Mail.

banks, which include Barclays and Standard Chartered, of backing Zimbabwe's 100,000

"With the liberation war still fresh in people's minds, the black Zimbabwean expects to receive assistance in overcoming the century of underdevelopment suffered during colonialism," the advert said.

"No doubt there will be those who will cry out aloud that we are scaring away investment. Our answer to these zealots is that if there are investors coming to Zimbabwe because of continued institutional racism they are well

their money," it said. It threatened popular demonstrations against the

Financia!

Jordan Times in co-operation with



Markets Cairo Amman Bank Foreign Exchange Market Summary (January 3-January 7, 1994)

AMMAN — The dollar depreciated against most European currencies at the end of the first week of 1994, especially against Sterling. It ended 0.62 per cent lower against the mark, 1.08 per cent lower against sterling, while remaining stable

against the yen. The U.S. unit rose substantially against other major currencies Monday. The dollar's appreciation came as a result of the release of new U.S. economic reports with positive results. The National Association of Purchasing Managers, Index rose to 57.9 per cent in December, from 55.9 per cent the previous month. In addition, construction spending increased by 1.8 per cent in November compared to the previous month. Meanwhile, many analysts expected weak economic conditions in Germany and Japan to persist and their interest rates to decline, while they expected U.S. interest rates to rise during the first half of 1994.

On Tuesday, however, the dollar witnessed a relapse on speculation that the U.S. administration might intervene to stem its rise, after a power report suggested that the U.S.

stem its rise, after a news report suggested that the U.S. Treasury Department is concerned about the recent rise in the dollar, and its potential effect on the U.S. trade deficit. In addition, the dollar was affected negatively by large scale profit-taking ahead of a Bundesbank Council meeting Thursday and a speech by the U.S. Treasury Secretary to the Brookings Institution Wednesday.

The U.S. unit appreciated modestly against the mark and yen Wednesday, while depreciating slightly against sterling. The dollar lost half a yen during trading hours on renewed worries that the U.S. administration might interfere to support the yen in order to decrease its trade deficit with Japan. These worries were confirmed after the U.S. Treasury Secretary's speech, in which he implied that a weak yen is not an acceptable solution to Japan's economic problems. But, the dollar rose later on conviction among market participants that Japan's weak economy will continue to push the yen lower. On the other hand, the dollar appreciated against the mark as speculation of a German interest rate cut, when the Bundes-

bank meets Thursday, continued. The U.S. unit continued its appreciation against the mark to close at 1.7446 marks Thursday, its highest level of the week. The dollar's rise came on the back of continued speculation that it will witness a considerable rally during the first half of

The dollar fell sharply against the mark and other European currencies Friday, however, after a disappointing U.S. December employment report. The report revealed a decrease of 183 thousand in non-farm payrolls, compared to expectations of an increase of 215 thousand. A decrease in unemployment to 6.4 per cent, from 6.5 per cent the previous month was also reported, bowever. Meanwhile, the adjusted November Non-Farm Payrolls showed an increase of 202 thousand, instead of 208 thousand previously announced. The dollar's depreciation against the mark was also attributed to the Bundesbank's decision not to ease its monetary policy during its council meeting Thursday. The U.S. unit, thus ended the week at 1.7275 marks and 111.85 yen, while sterling ended it at 1.4930

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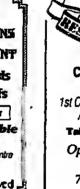
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More evacuations in Sydney as bushfires flare again

SYDNEY (R) — Evacuations resumed in Sydney's suburbs Sunday as bushfires that had been subdued by cooler weather began to flare up again only hours after officials declared the city's firestorm ordeal all but over.

'We are despatching every unit we have available down there," said a spokesman at Warringah Fire Control Centre as a huge fire bore down on houses in the northern suburb of Belrose.

People were also told to leave homes in the southern suburbs, where about 100 houses were destroyed by fires on Saturday.

Officials earlier said a wind shift and cooler weather had given weary firefighters the break they needed to lick what has been described as Australia's worst fire crisis in 200

Police scrambled for their lives as a wall of fire 25 metres high roared through a roadblock on a major road in Sydney's north before heading into

a heavily developed area.

Nearly 300 elderly people,
some of them bedridden, were evacuated from the Belrose area after fires flared in the surrounding Garigal National

The Warringah Centre was in the path of the runaway fire. A spokesman said flames up to

40 metres high were seen at the front of the outbreak.

"We've had a change in the wind — it has swung around to the northeast and now the fire that was previously going slow is moving quite dramatically."

"It is really ripping up through this bush," a national parks spokesman said in a radio interview.

The fires, many lit by arsonists, have razed at least 150 homes in Sydney's heavily wooded suburbs in the past two days, including 89 in the southern suburb of West Como

The official death toll is four, including a woman who was engulfed in a fireball as she sought refuge in the swimming pool of her home at Jannali in southern Sydney Saturday. Her two step-daughters suffered serious burns.

Hundreds of people were treated by ambulance crews Saturday and 56 were admitted to hospital. There were no reports of injuries in Sunday's

About 120 fires continued to burn in New South Wales. Australia's most populous state. About 7,500 firefighters are battling the blazes, backed by military units.

After a shift of wind and cooler temperatures Monday morning, officials said it appeared the worst was over.

We're confident that if this weather holds for two or three days we should, at the end of that time, have all fires in New South Wales contained," said Phil Koperberg, head of Fire Services for New South Wales.

'We have seen unprecedented fire in this country."

Mr. Koperberg said.
"We will come our of this with losses, tragic as they are, of more than 150 structures it should have been, conservatively, 5,000 structures."

Mr. Koperberg said later that firefighter fatigue was now a significant factor in the battle and welfare services including counselling for firefighters were being set up. "They have been through

the most horrendous experience, it's not just tiredness," be said. "These people have been subjected to the most incredible stress. They have lost some of their colleagues in this unprecedented battle and naturally that will have an

Mr. Koperberg said offers of assistance to fight the fires had come from the United States, France and New Zealand, but there were no plans to accept outside help beyond the teams that had arrived from Austra-

Main north-south highways leading to and from Sydney remained blocked for the third day because of dangerous conditions, stranding hundreds of people who whiled away the time by picnicking on the side of the road.

The north-south rail line was also blocked. Food and water were being brought in by heli-

copter. The Weather Bureau was forecasting a top temperature in Sydney of about 24 degrees Celsius (79 degrees Fahrenbeit).

Temperatures in Sydney had approached 40 degrees Celsius (104 degrees Fahrenheit) in recent days, setting off tornadoes of fire.

At Winmalee in the Blue Mountains west of Sydney, 10 homes were lost overnight as a fire passed through the town Fire officials planned a con-

trolled burning operation over a 50-kilometre front to defeat Ther affluent Sydney sub-

urbs of St. Ives. North Wahroonga and Duffy's Forest in the north were expected to be under threat later Sunday night, fire officials said. The Gosford area, about 100

kilometres north of Sydney. was also considered a potential danger area.

Major rejects

LONDON (Agencies) — Brit-ish Prime Minister John Major Sunday rejected a "backdoor" attempt by Republican leader Gerry Adams to drag his gov-ernment into talks on Northern Ireland's future without an IRA ceasefire.

Mr. Major said the outlawed Irish Republican Army (IRA) had to observe a minimum three month trace before his conservative administration would open exploratory talks with Sinn Feio. The IRA's political wing.

The offer was contained in a landmark joint statement on the troubled province with the Irish Prime Minister Albert Reynolds in December.

Sinn Fein has asked for further clarifications on the joint declaration before making public its response to the document, which recognised the goal of a united Ireland as legitimate while conditioning it on approval by Ulster's Protestant majority.
"What Mr. Adams is about

is seeking to drag us into a negotiating position." Mr. Ma-jor told BBC Television. "I'm not going to be drawn into negotiations by the backdoor by Mr. Adams," he said.

. "Of course we can talk to Mr. Adams, but they (the IRA) have to stop the violence first. Theo within three months we can enter into exploratory talks."

The British prime minister said he was "prepared to be patient for a little while."

Japan's Hata ends China visit, leaves behind excellent political ties

parking lot.

BEIJING (R) - Japanese Foreign Minister Tsutomu Hata ended a busy two-day visit to China Sunday, leaving behind excellent political relations and a booming trade and

economic partnership.

Mr. Hata met his Chinese counterpart Qian Qiehen, Prime Minister Li Peng and Communist Party chief Jiang Zemin and paid a brief visit to a frozen lake in central Beijing where hundreds of people were skating, before returning

"We want to do all we can to

to Tokyo.

nificance for the whole world," he told a news conference. From what I have seen, a new China has started to appear.'

He promised full support for China's application to rejoin the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT), saying its fast-growing economy had made it the world's IIth biggest trading nation and an important global player.

He said he had asked for Beijing's help - not "pressure" - to explain to North Korea the concern of the international community of its nuc-

lear programme.

major blocs, many formed only

on the eve of the elections, is

uncertain. The loyalties of

smaller groups and 154 inde-

pendent deputies are also un-

That could work to Mr.

But Mr. Gaidar alluded at

the end of last week to the

nightmare thar must have

haunted Mr. Yeltsin since the

elections - a united front be-

tween Communists and

pulled out of all-party con-

sultations on the appointment

of a speaker for the Duma.

There are echoes here of the

conflicts that racked the old

parliament, which became im-

placably opposed to Mr. Yelt-sin and his policies.

He said Russia's Choice had

discussions with them, at any time. But we have had no response from them," he said.

over Tokyo's contacts with

Mr. Hata said that he

The rebels stopped short of offering a ceasefire, however, and said they would never turn No injuries were reported and there were no claims of responsibility, a broadcast reity for either the car bombing. in their weapons. Army reinforcements poured into Chiapas Saturday which injured one person, or the grenade attack in Acapulco, which caused no injuries. as soldiers continued searching

But the car bomb explosion

follows repeated threats by the

Zapatistas, who attacked six

towns in the southern state of

Chiapas on New Year's Day,

to bring their fight to the capit-

Late-night revellers who

streamed out of bars after

hearing the explosioo said slo-

gans had been painred on

street walls, some announcing

taken responsibility," said

Arturo De Aquino, spokes-

man for the Mexico City attor-

The bomb, planted in a stolen car left in a deserted

underground parking lot in a

commercial complex, exploded

with enough force to shatter

shop windows on the ground

very strong, everything shook," said Raul Mejia, who

was having drinks at the San-

borns Restaurant above the

told the newspaper La Jornada

Wednesday that the group, re-

sponsible for the biggest upris-

ing in Mexico in more than 20

years, was not targeting civi-lians in its fight against the

The attorney general's office

Saturday confirmed that the

"centres of oligarchy."

An arm of the Zapatistas

"The explosion was very,

"Up to now, no group bas

'we've arrived."

ney general's office.

2 more blasts hit Mexico City area

shore resident watches anxiously as a firestorm approaches his property in Sydney (AFF

chu, a Guatemalan Mayan In-dian, and Chiapas Bishop Samuel Ruiz had agreed to more explosions occurred in the Mexico City area Saturday night, targeting an electrical tower and a military base, local oegotiate. Police said oo one immediately claimed responsibilradio reported.

port said

MEXICO CITY (R) - Two

A bomb planted in a piekup truck exploded outside a gate of Military Camp No. 1 in Naucalpan, in the Mexico City

Valley, Radio Red reported. Two other bombs, placed at the foot of an electrical tower in nearby Cuaotitian exploded at 11:30 p.m. (0530 Sunday

GMT) the station reported. Police confirmed the bombings but released no details on damages and would only say they were investigating.

Earlier Saturday, a powerful car bomb rocked Mexico City. days after rebels staging a rural uprising in southern Mexico vowed to bring their insurrection to the capital. The government meanwhile

announced the arrest of a Guatemalan said to be a commander of the peasant force, which launched a rebellion in the southernmost state of Chiapas near the Guatemalan border on New Year's day.

Assailants also tossed a grenade at a federal government building in the Pacific resort of Acapulco Saturday.

Elsewhere, the Puebla newspaper Siotesis reported that the Zapatista rebels bad offered to open negotiations with the government through

Radio Red said two of the three mediators requested by the Zapatistas, nobel peace

> normalising relations with eight rounds in December 1992. We want to continue

pling three electrical towers in Puebla and Michoacan, two

for rebels in the mountains

around San Cristobal De Las

Casas and other towns in

Chiapas that have seen heavy

The latest fighting has been

reported deep in the hills, populated mostly by Indians of Mayan descent. The govern-

meot has estimated the rebels

More than 100 people - and

possibly as many as 400 accord-

ing to church sources - have

been killed in the fighting in

Chiapas, which shares a border

with war-torn Guatemala as

well as a long record of human

rights abuses against Indians.

phlets delivered to newspapers

and news agencies in Mexico

City must they want to over-throw the government and to liberate the indigenous people.

But the government has de-

nied that the revolt is an in-

digenous or peasant uprising and said repeatedly that fore-

igners were suspected of lead-

The Mexican attorney

general's office said Saturday it

had arrested a Guatemalan

citizen in the eastern state of

Tabasco described as a "terci-

ary leader" of the Zapatistas

and one of the principal field

tify the suspect or give further

commanders. It did not iden-

ing the rebellion.

The Zapatistas say in pam-

number about 2,000.

fighting in the past week.

states near the capital.

The only point of friction in what appeared to be very smooth talks was the concern expressed by Chinese leaders

assured the Chinese side that Japan's relations with Taiwan

would remain on an unofficial. support China's open-door and 'Unfortunately, our talks on reform policy, which is of sigworking basis. Yeltsin takes up 'poisoned chalice' of new parliament

predictable.

Yeltsin's benefit.

MOSCOW (R) - Boris Yeltsin, weary of opposition, conceived Russia's oew twochamber parliament as the wiling handmaiden of his market reforms.

But Russia's new legislature, due to meet for the first time this week, could blight the remaining two years of his presidency. Even before Tuesday's inaugural session, signs were emerging of a strong ultra-nationalist and Commun-

ist opposition.
"If those parties...pursue a destructive policy and try to block the president's every step, I think the president will choose tough tactics," Yeltsin's ehief spokesman told Reuters.

"We know from the events of Oct. 3 and 4 that the hand of the president can be tough and strong," he said, in a pointed reminder of Mr. Yeltsin's use of arms to crush an uprising in support of the old parliament and against him.

Deputies of the Duma, the lower chamber, will probably meet in the old Comecon building - a glass and concrete 1960s evesore damaged when it was stormed by rebels

on Oct. 3. Scarcely 100 metres away stands the old parliament building, the White House, pounded by Mr. Yeltsin's tanks a day later. At least 147 died in two days of fighting.

Mr. Yeltsin gambled that in setting aside the constitution and abolishing the old parliament he would secure his pow-

One of the chief effects of his gamble, however, was the emergence at December's Duma polls of a radical new force in Russia — ultra-nationalist Vladimir Zhirinovsky's Liberal Democrat (LDPR).

A cartoon in Izvestia newspaper on the eve of this weekend's Russian Orthodox Christmas portrayed Mr. Yelt-sin as the Virgin Mary. Cradled in her arms was a grotes-que infant, hair shaved at the temples and mouth twisted in a roar unmistakably Zhirinovs-

The LDPR and communist fed off poverty and uncertainty following Mr. Yeltsin's economic reforms and resentment and national humiliation rooted deeper, in the collapse of the Soviet Union.

Provisional figures show the LDPR as the biggest party in the Duma, with 64 sents. The Communist have 48 and the conservative Agrarians 33.

The biggest reform bloc. Economics Minister Yegor Gaidar's Russia's Choice, has 58 seats, economist Grigory Yavlinsky's Yabloko 22 and Deputy Premier Sergei Shakhrai's PRES Party 19.

Discipline even within the

"In the course of these negotiations...we have seen the clear emergence of a close coalition of Liberal Democrats, Communists and Agrarians imposing their decisions.

Mr. Gaidar said.

Even if anti-reform groups can overcome rivalries, Mr. Yeltsin is not beholden to the Duma as he was to the old assembly.

A new constitution approved at a referendum held alongside December's elections grants him broad powers to issue decrees sidestepping parliament. He may also appoint ministers at will.

But here Mr. Yeltsin must tread carefully. In consistently flouting the Duma he may undermine his own popularity, possibly to the benefit of Mr. Zhirinovsky and his presidential ambitions, and even take confrontation back to the

Cabinet changes, expected soon, may provide a pointer as to how are the president will go in tailoring his market reforms to the demands of critics. The West will watch the signals closely.

Prime Minister Viktor Chernomyrdin wbo, though not a deputy, could emerge as a key power broker, held talks late last week with Communist leaders, seen by Mr. Yeltsin only three months ago as his irreconcilable enemies.

Mr. Yeltsin's problems, however, are not limited to the lower house, the Federation Council upper chamber. assembling regional representatives, has the power to veto legislation passed by the Duma. That veto can be overruled only by a two-thirds Duma vote.

Regions which long exploited Moscow's weakness to seize economic and political powers had fallen largely silent since Oct. 3. But the chamber could easily become an instrument for ambitious local leaders to reassert their control.

Boy sentenced to time in wheelchair

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DADE CITY (AFP) 12-year-old boy convicted in a shooting that left a teenager temporarily paralysed was septenced to speed time in wheelchair, to get a feel for what he did to his victim. The boy, Raymond Thomas, also was ordered to visit a prison, pay restitution and perform 200 hours of community service. He will remain in state custody until his 19th birthday, Circuit Judge Lynn Tepper said Thomas should get a taste of the life he created for 16year-old Reggie Haines, who after months in a wheelchair after months in a wheetchar can walk with a cane. "You're going to be moving around in Reggie's world," the judge said in pronouncing the sent-ence Friday. "You will go to the bathroom in a wheelchair... you will ger out of bed, ear, try to drink from the water fouotain in a wheelchair." After two days in the wheelchair. Thomas will be required to use a walker for a week and then a cane. Haines' mother, Jenny Haines-Green, said the sentence was insufficient, adding.
"Reggie wanted him put away
for good... There's no way
(Thomas) can know what Reggie goes through." Haines was shot in the forehead ar pointblank range in August 1992 during a fight on a street in this southern Florida towns.

China festival puts freeze on London landmark

BELIING (R) - If the lamed spire of St Paul's cathedral is looming large over Manchuria, you know winter has come to China's ice capital of Harbin: A reproduction of Christopher Wren's London masterpiece is one of 1,500 ice sculptures featured at the 20th Harbin Ice Lantern Festival in Heilongjiang province, the official Xinhua news agency reported. Saturday from Harbin. "The model... is made of 1,700 cubic metres (60,000 cubic feet) of ice, illuminated by spotlights in the ice walls... and its 21-metre (68 foot 11 inch) high dome is tipped with a red cross, Xinhua said. Two million visitors are expected at China's coldest festival - where temperatures average minus 20 Celsius (minus 4 Fahrenbeit) - before its main attractions vanish with the spring thaw.

Elvises come to Memphis for king's birthday

MEMPHIS, Tenn. (AP) - "Flying Elvises" sporting paste-on sideburns and rented jumpsuits hustled to Memphis, taking advantage of low oneday air fares to celebrate Elvis Presley's 59th birthday, Bill Gannaway of Fort Worth, Texas arrived in Memphis in rented Elvis splendor after buying a \$59 round-trip-ticket. He was accompanied by friends Fred and Ray Wilkinson, who also were wearing spangled, somewhat weathered jumpsuits. Because of their attire, they and their wives got \$20 off oo the \$79 fare from Dallas on American Airlines. They also got to ride first class. Presley's former residence, Graceland, generally draws about 1,200 visitors on bis birthday. But largely because of the low air fares, 4,000 to 5,000 people were expected to tour the house. Graceland draws 650,000 visitors a year. Bob Chappelle, John Cooper and Ken Griffin wore paste-on cardboard sideburns and called themselves The Flying Elvises, Huntsville. Ala., Chapter." They flew in on \$59 round-trip tickets with Northwest Airlines. They said their group drew its name from the movie Honeymoon In Vegas, which features a jumpsuited skydi-ving team called itself The Flying Elvises, Utah Chapter." The mini-war on Elvis-Day air fares was started by Northwest, which has a hub in Memphis and offered low rates from 34 cities. The other airlines quickly jumped in with deals of their own.

False spring rouses bears from winter slumber

WARSAW (AFP) - Hibernating Polish bears have left their winter lairs after being roused from sleep by unseasonably warm weather, a forestry official in the mountainous Krosno region of southeast Poland said Saturday. Forestry workers in the Bieszczady Mountains have spotted several different sets of bear tracks made in recent days, the offi-. cial told the Polish News Agency (PAP). Some 60 bears live in the mountain area, which is part of the Eastern Carpathians near the border with Slovakia and Ukraine.

Bosnia fighting clouds peace talks

VITEZ, Bosnia (R) — Muslim forces appeared to have launched a fierce offensive on a Croat enclave in central Bosnia Sunday, just hours before representatives of the two sides were due to hold peace talks in At least four people were

killed, including three children, and more than 30 were injured in heavy shelling of Vitez and bitter fighting in surrounding villages, local hospital and morgue officials said.

Reporters saw panieky Croat soldiers moving landmines when they were suprised by a sudden pre-dawn attack from the high ground to the north of the enclave.

The U.N. in Vitez said the fighting appeared to be initi-ated by the Muslim forces surrounding the pocket, but could not confirm the number of

casualties. "It is probable that Muslims have started the attack, but we cannot be certain..." a British officer told Reuters from Vitez. "The pocket is surrounded by the Muslims, so it would appear that they have

He said British forces were helping to evacuate civilians from the villages lying on the main road through the encircled area.

Two British army armoured personel carriers evacuated some two dozen people from the area of Dubravice to the relative safety of Vitez town, the officer said. Fighting came perilously

close to the barracks of the Belgian transport battalion. whose 150 members were given protection by British sol-Ivan Sarie, spokesman of the local Croat Defence Council (HVO) said they were con-

cerned for the fate of 50 to 60

civilians living in the area,

which came under fierce artillery and infantry attack early in The Bosoian Croat Defence Ministry, quoted by the Croatian News Agency (HINA). admitted losing a straregic village lying oo the main road

between Vitez and Busovaca to the Muslims. One soldier was killed on the Croatian side, the report said, adding that the HVO was launching a counter-offensive aimed at retrieving the lost

Mr. Saric said some 40 shells fell on Vitez itself.

The latest fighting broke out just hours before peace talks between the two sides were due to start in Germany.

The Bosnian and Croatian presidents were due to meet in Bonn later Sunday to discuss plans for an end to Croat-Muslim fighting before full peace negotiations with Bosnia's third warring party, the dominant Serbs.

The meeting was postponed from Saturday after the Bosnian President, Alija Izetbegovie, was unable to fly out of Sarajevo because of shelling.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Bhutto's sister seeks to end family feud

KARACHI (AFP) — The sister of Pakistan Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto has embarked on a bout of shuttle diplomacy among her relatives in an attempt to end the feud between the premier and her mother Nusrat Bhutto, sources said Sunday. Sanam Nasir Hussain's reconciliation attempts over the weekend included visits to her jailed brotber Murtaza Bhutto, her sister and her mother, the political and family sources said. Ms. Sanam spent about 10 hours with her sister at the prime minister's house in Naudero Thursday, administration sources said, adding that the prime minister might meet her estranged mother soon. However a spokesman for Nusrat Bhutto said no invitation had been extended and a meeting between mother and daughter was highly unlikely. Nusrat Bhutto. is s till very angry after the violence in Larkana last Wednesday, the spokesman added. At least one man was killed and six others injured when supporters of Murtaza Bhutto clashed with police outside the family home there. Nusrat supports her son Murtaza, who was arrested on charges of involvement in terrorism on his return to Pakistan last November after 16 years of self-exile. He is standing trial at a special court in

7 killed in Kashmir

NEW DELHI (AFP) - Seven people were killed overnight in launch a strike over security arrangements at Kashmir's holiest mosque, the Press Trust of India said Sunday. Four Muslim militants were among those killed in secessionist-linked violence, officials said in the state summer capital Srinagar Sunday. Three bodies were recovered from other spots, they said. Grenade attacks, house-breaks and one kidnapping have also been reported. Meanwhile, the all party Kashmir Freedom Conference encompassing 27 Muslim political and militant groups has renewed a call for a general strike Monday to protest the presence of security forces around Srinagar's Hazratbal Mosque. The lakeside shrine was besieged by militants for 32 days last year until their surrender on Nov. 16. It is still being guarded by the Border Security Force although the troops were reduced Saturday.

U.S. congressmen meet Angolan rebels

HARARE (R) - Four U.S. congressmen held talks with officials of Angola's rebel UNITA movement Sunday in Zimbahwe's northern resort of Victoria Falls. Western diplomats said. They said the Democratic congressmen led by Harry Johnston of Florida, who is chairman of the House of Representatives Subcommittee on Africa, talked to UNITA officials attending peace talks with government negotiators in neighbouring Zambia, UNITA (National Union for the Total Independence of Angola I spokesman Jorge Valentim told Reuters by telephone from Victoria Falls: "We are basically briefing them on what is going on at the peace talks and exchanging ideas. A lot of ground on political issues has yet to be covered. At the moment our negotiations with the government are on the need to reform the police force and how to decentralise it hy creating regional and national police forces." Diplomats say the peace talks, which opened in November, have agreed a ceasefire to Angola's 18-year-long civil war and merger of UNITA and government troops into a

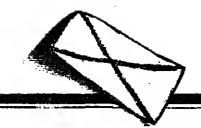
U.S. senators urge end to Hanoi embargo

HANOI (R) - Five U.S. senators piled pressure on President Bill Clinton Sunday to lift the U.S. economic embargo against Vietnam and their leader said he believed Mr. Clinton would do so soon. The five - the majority of a seven-man Senate Energy Committee delegation - said they would recommend ending the embargo because of Vietnamese cooperation on the issue of U.S. servicemen listed as missing in action (MIA). The two other members, both Republicans, said they wanted to consult colleagues before committing themselves. Committee Chairman J. Bennett Johnston, a Louisiana Democrat. said he believed Mr. Clinton would accept the proposal. 'Nothing will prevent him from taking that advice." Sen. Johnston rold a news conference. "I'm in good hopes that he'll take that advice and drop the embargo and do so quickly."

Italy enters decisive week for future

ROME (R) - After nearly two years of graft scandals that have devastated the old political order. Iralians are likely to know in a few days when their discredited parliament will be dissolved and landmark elections held. With a scandal over the secret services coming to a fresh boil and worries about a possible attack against President Oscar Luigi Scaifaro in a shadowy plot to destabilise Italy. Mr. Scalfaro has been urged to move quickly in calling elections. He is one of several former interior ministers alleged by arrested ex-spies to have received covert funds of the SISDE civilian secret services, Mr. Scalfaro has denied the accusations. Police chief Vincenzo Parisi said security around Scalfaro had been stepped up over fears that he might become the target of an attack as part of an attempt to destabilise the country.

Sinn Fein call for clarifications



NEWS IN BRIEF

Schneider wins 26th World Cup slalom

ALTENMARKT, Austria (R) - Switzerland's Vreni Schneider stormed to her 26th Alpine skiing World Cup slalom win Sunday and her 47th victory altogether. The Swiss triumphed in one minute 36.41 seconds. Sweden's Pernilla Wiberg, winner of a slalom in Morzine, France, Thursday, finished second in 1:36.98, ahead of France's Beatrice Filliol in 1:38.08. Wiberg, winner of two slaloms this season, collected 90 points to take the overall World Cup from defending champion Anita Wachter of Austria. Schneider, 1988 Olympic cialom and giant slalom gold medallist, scored 100 points for her win and also overtook Wachter to lie second overall behind Wiberg. Filliol, who started from 30th position to ski to a surprising third place in the first leg, recorded the best result in her career. Slovenia's Urska Hrovat, third in a slalom in Santa Catarina, Italy, in December, raced a powerful second leg and seemed set for a place on the podium before straddling a gate. She burst into tears in the finishing area.

Blair, Jansen qualify for Lillehammer

MILWAUKEE, Wisconsin (AFP) - Bonnie Blair will chase more gold and Dan Jansen will try to erase the memories of Olympic failure at Lillebammer next month after dominating the U.S. speedskating trials. Both were the top qualifiers at 500, 1,000 and 1,500 metres in this week's trials, earning berths in their third Olympic games. Blair, the only woman to win the 500m at consecutive Olympics, also won the 1,000m in 1992 and finished third in that event in 1988. With one more medal. Blair would become the most decorated U.S. woman Olympian ever. Right now her tally of foor equals that of swimmer Janet Evans, diver Pat McCormick and sprinter Evelyn Ashford. Jansen will be aiming for his first Olympic medal. Favourite in both the 500 and 1,000m in both 1992 and 1988, he came up short both times. In Hamar, Norway, Germany's Gunda Niemann won the women's overall European speed skating title Sunday with 167.282 points. Russia's Svetlana Bazhanova was second with 170,263 and Austria's Emese Hunyady third with 170.473 points.

Kafelnikov wins in Adelaide

ADELAIDE (R) - Emerging Russian talent Yevgeny Kafelnikov gained his first ATP Tour title with a straight sets win over compatriot Alexander Volkov in the final of the

Australian Men's Hardcourt Championship Sunday. It was the first time two Russian players had contested the final of a tour event, but the historic encounter did not last long. The 19-year-old Kafelnikov took just 73 minutes to wrap up an impressive 6-4 6-3 success to complete an excellent week which also included wins over established names such as Pat Cash and Karel Novacek. Kafelnikov won \$30,000 and can expect his current world ranking of 102 to improve considerably when the next list appears. He is likely to rise around 40 places. "I'm really pleased to have won my first tournament," he said afterwards. "I think everyone who was watching enjoyed it."

Davenport wins Hardcourt title

BRISBANE (R) - Seventeen-year-old Lindsay Davenport won the second title of her short professional singles career when she defeated Argentina's Florencia Labat 6-1 2-6 6-3 to win the Australian Women's Hardcourt title Sunday. The powerful American, seeded second in the draw and already ranked 20th in the world, faded temporarily in the second set on another hot, humid day, but regained her concentration sufficiently to out-hit the inconsistent Labat from the baseline. The left-handed Argentine, seeded 11th, held serve ony four nimes in a fluctuating match, but had the consolation of being the only player to take a set off Davenport during the tournament. After a gruelling week during which on-court temperatures often soared above 50 degrees Celsius (122 decrees Fahrenheit). Davenport has opted to play only doubles at the New South Wales Open starting Monday. "I've played a lot of matches this week and need time to refresh myself before the Australian Open," she said.

Alma-Ata to bid for 2002 Olympics

former Soviet Republic of Kazakhstan, will bid for the 2002 Winter Olympics. The International Olympic Committee said in its weekly bulletin Saturday that it had received confirmation of the bid from the National Olympic Committee of Kazakhstan. Other cities that have announced bids for 2002 are Salt Lake City, Utah; Quebec City, Quebec; and Ostersund, Sweden. Switzerland is among others considering making a bid, as is the Russian resort of Sochi. The initial deadline for bids is Feb. 1. The IOC will select the host city in 1995. Salt Lake City is considered the strong favourite at this stage.

Manager's wrath descends on English premiership club

terpice LONDON (AFP) - OPR's sculpte Gerry Francis was one of Harbul several English premiership Hele managers to be left furning e offic after Saturday's FA Cup upsets report saw Rangers bundled out by tin. I second division Stockport.

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.700 mk While Rangers went down ic jeen 2-1, Chelsea finished goalless politime at home to Barnet and Tots 21-me tenham Hotspot needed a late th done strike by Jason Dozzell to sald cross vage a 1-1 draw against Peter-nillion is borough, currently bottom of 21 Churthe second division.

whe The only sad note for the e mmalthird round mmnows was the ahrenteacknowledgement that cash attractistrapped Barnet are facing a ing that winding up order. The club. from the north London sub-grbs, which needs £1 million by " Bar

Monday, bas meanwoilebrought in former Eogland and mence as general manager.

(AF) - However, time has already sporterun out for QPR in English and reflootball's most prized tourna-Memment, and Francis was furious low cafter the premiership side brate Esquandered a 1-0 lead.

hday. E "In my three years as manait Worger at the club, this bas to be temple the most disappointing time,' idor ithe said.

impair "In these sort of games you anied have got to battle and match av Wathe opposition for their effort e wearand determination. We didn't al widdo that, especially in the ecause second balf. Stockport deand asserved their win and I don't on the senvy any other side having to Americome here."

got los Stockport manager Danny ioms Bergara said: "At times we genti played bke a Premier League visitor side. The lads were magnifilargely cent and the whole of Stockfares it port should love them." Andy Preece, the team's top Grack_

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scorer whose 74th minute winner was a spectacular volley, said: "It was a good job it didn't come to me on my right

to destroy a team who were playing non-league football in

duced probably their best per-

formance of the season. Cup and we had it today. We didn't deserve anything but de....

Barnet may not be in business for the replay, though, following the news from club

chairman David Buchler. "Our financial position is dire," he said. "We need to find one million pounds by Monday — and that is simply not available. We are going to ask for a further adjourn-

Clemence, who left Spurs as a coach at the end of last season said: "I think it is a wonderful opportunity. People have said I must be mad to go to Barnet — but I've seen enough here today to know

Graham Allner paid tribute to his men after they beat first division Birmingham City 2-1 - the only victory by a non-

professional club. "To come to a club like this three league above us and win after going a goal behind is tremendous," he said.

LAUSANNE, Switzerland (AP) - Alma-Ata, capital of the

foot because it could have gone Chelsea chief Glenn Hobble watched as his men were booed off the pitch after failing

"To say 1 am disappointed is an understatement," Hoddle said. "I take nothing away from Barnet. They have pro-

You need lock in the FA

ment. that we can climb out of trou-

Kidderminster manager

Manchester United or Liver-

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What do you bid now? Q.6—As South, vulnerable, you **≜AKJ** ♥K97 ♦A985 ♦K54 The bidding has proceede North East South

Tel.: 634144

pool would be great in the next round. But Wolverhampton Wanderers would be a massive game for us.'

There were more happy managers at Leeds, Newcastle and Manchester City - all of whom had goalscorers to be proud of.

Leeds boss Howard Wilkinson was delighted with 19-yearold Jamie Forrester, making his first start and scoring two great goals to help see off Crew 3-1.

"Forrester's finishing was tremendous," Wilkinson said. "His first goal was a super volley and the second was surely goal of the month."

Newcastle manager Kevin Keegan was full of praise for the strike duo of Andy Cole and Peter Beardsley after they scored a goal apiece in the 2-0 victory over Coventry City. The pair have scored 37

goals in 19 games since teaming up at Newcastle in Septem-Keegan said: "I thought today their partnership was ab-

out as exciting as I've seen it. They are on the same wavelength.

Manchester City's hero was Norwegian international midfielder Kare Ingebritsen, who hopes that his hat-trick in the 4-1 win over Leicester City will help earn him a World Cup

"I need to be playing first

team football if I am to get into the Norwegian squad for the World Cup finals," he said, before thanking his teammates for giving him his chance.

The rest of the team set me up for those goals today. They were perfect crosses from Terry Phelan for the first two."

There were mixed fortunes though for the two teams in the spotlight Friday after managet Mike Walker left Norwich City for premiership rivals Everton.

Everton clung on for a 1-1 draw against Bolton after Barry Horne was sent off.

'They would not lie down and die and that is important," Walker said. 'Overall we have got to be pleased we are still in it and the players worked really hard. It was always going to be a tough game."
Meanwhile, Norwich's care-

taker boss John Deehan wants bis future decided quickly after the Canaries beat Wycombe Wanderers 2-0 with both goals coming from Chris Sutton.

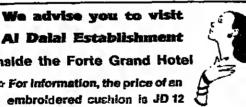
"I would love the job - it is as simple as that," Deehan admitted, "The sooner the managerial situation is sorted out, the better.

'When we arrived in London we went to a hotel, turned on the television and saw ocople saying 'Norwich will go downhill from here'. So the way the players got themselves up for the cup tie after that was marvellous."



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Harding wins title; Kerrigan on Olympic figure skating team

DETROIT (Agencies) -Tonya Harding has won her second U.S. national figure skating title to earn a place onthe Olympic team, where she will be joined by Nancy Kerri-

Kerrigan, the Olympic bronze medallist who would have been defending champion at this week's nationals, was unable to compete after being beaten on the leg by a clubwielding attacker following a Thursday practice session.

The 24-year-old Kerrigan, a gold medal favourite for next month's Winter Olympics in Lillehammer, was provisionaly named to the team by U.S. figure skating officials.

The United States Figure Skating Association's 40-metre International Committee met immediately after the women's long free chating programme and decided to give Kerrigan one of the two Olympic berths despite her inability to compete at the National Chairpionships, which served as the Olympic trials.

The committee found a rule that would enable them to select an athlete who did not compete at the most recent nationals.

"I don't think it's going to be hard to come back," said Ker-rigan, who suffered severe bruising and swelling around her right knee from the attack. Kerrigan watched Saturday's competition at Joe Louis Are-

na with her parents as a guest

of Detroit Red Wings owner Mike Hitch. It was the first time since 1984 that Kerrigan did not compete in the U.S. nationals.

Harding won her second national title with a nearflawless programme, but without ber triple axel. She won the title in 1991 when she became the first American woman to land a triple axel.

Immediately after the competition, harding, an asthmatic, had breathing problems and needed the portable respirator she carries with her. "I'm on my way." said Harding, 23, who has had her own share of off-ice adversity, including death threats in

November at her home rink. Thirteen-year-old Michelle Kwan finished second and was named as an alternate to the While a second-place finish

would normally clinch an Olympic berth, Kwan said she didn't mind being replaced by Kerrigan on the U.S. team. "I feel fine," Kwan said. They both deserved to go to the Olympics."

Kerrigan will be monitored by her coaches and skating officials until the Olympics and will probably have to perform for a small panel of committee members before being allowed

to go to Lillehammer.
'My job is to skate and I've done that this year," Kerrigan said. "I won both competitions I entered so for this year.

routine bore little resemblance

imposed new rules regarding

music on ice dancers to force

them away from the theatrical

melodramas which had taken

over in free programmes in

to Bole10.

"In Norway, I had beaten everybody that beat me last year at the World Championship except for Oksana Baiul, she wasn't there.

"I trained really hard. I've never skate as well as I've been skating.

Joining Harding and Kerrigail on the U.S. team were Scott Davis and 30-year-old Olympic veteran Brian Boitano in men's singles Jerdo Swallow and Elizabeth Punsalan in ice duncing and three pairs teams - Todd Sand and Jenni Meno; Kyoko Ina and Jason Dungjen, and Karen Courtland and Todd Reynolds.

Meno and Sand stayed on their skates as coupels fell all around them here Saturday to claim the pairs title.

Ina and Dungjen, skating after Meno and Sand. also had a clean programme with more jumps than the winners but were only placed second - still good enough to earn a berth for the Lillehammer Olympics in February.

Courtland and Reynolds earned the third and last Olympic pairs place, finishing third despite several falls in their free programme.

Natasha Kuchiki and Rocky Marval, whoi put in a cleaner performance, finished fourth. Marval, who won the title in J992 with Calla Urbanski, said he tought he and Kuchiki saf-

fered in the judging because

they had not been skuting

together leng.

throw triple salchow, one of the hardest moves in pair skat-"It's all relative," Marvol 11

"From what I understand, ...

we were counted out from the

very beginning, because of our

only previous performance be-

hacause we weren't really

take previous performances.

even practice performances.

Courtland fell on her ape-

nigh triple toe loop, and again '

She also tripped Reynolds.

causing them both to fall, and

duffed the landing of a double

Weeping, she defended their

"We have a technically diffi-

cult programme and we have

been skating it very clean," she

said. "I know 1 had two falls.

but everything else was well

The only mistake from

Kuchiki and Marval came on a

on a throw triple toe loop.

fore this," he said.

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"I don't thin that is fair,

Figure skating judges often

said. "We stayed on our lost. But it is all reistive and everybody has different opinion. Menn and Soud, who skilled after Courtland and Reynolds,

did not even try any triples. Ina ano Dungien hit two throw triple jamps as well as side-by-side triple toe loops to Jaim second.

left off Torvill and Dean pick up where they

SHEFFIELD, England (R) — Almost as if they had never been away, Javne Torvill and Christopher Dean made light of a 10-year absence and scaled the peaks of perfection at the British Ice Dancing Cham-

pionships A complete set of maximum 6.0 scores rained down on them for their new routine Saturday as they captured the title for the first time in a decade and stamped themselves as strong bets for European, Olympic and world gold medals over the next two

months. Their nine 6.0s for the artistry of their jaunty Let's Face The Music And Dance number matched the scores awarded them for artistry in the peerless Rolero at the

Olympics in 1984.

They also received one 6.0

Torvill and Dean led that movement in the early 1980s and they emerged Saturday as the leaders of the new approach.

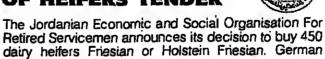
Berlin music, from a 1936 Hol-

lywood film starring Fred

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for technical metric and four Astaire and Ginger Rogers. was technically breathtaking. more for their rumba in the original dance Friday, giving It may not tug at the emothem a haul of 14 for the week. tions as Boiero did - the rules And yet their comeback

prevented that - but it should

certainly stand up to whatever

the Russians throw at them in The International Skating the European Championships Union (ISU) saw to that. At next week. the same time as they voted in Titlaholders Maya Usova 1992 to allow professionals and Alexander Zhulin, who back into competition, they are also the world champions,

> them in Copenhagen. But already the anticipation is building over what they may produce to take on Torvill and

will have their work cut out for

Dean. The battle is far from decided. European judges may be more stingy with their 6.0s than the British panel were. The Britons, 36 and 35 re-

their performance Saturday. "We couldn't have skated it any better," Torvill said.

adding that they did a copiation meorporate any new mores into the routine before the Olympics in Norway next

She said they had not had problems with the physical demands of the orogramme hecause they had kept themselves in such good shape during 10 years of skaring professionally since they lett competition in

The ever-demanding Dean was also content with the priformance. He felt the main improvement they needed was in the compulsory dances which open the competitions.

Sbeffield, their scores of 5.7 for the first and 5.8 for the second were slightly below "We've tried hard to be

technically correct on every

skating edge.

Though they won both in

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Page 1 0

What action do you take?

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you hold: \$E432 ♥Void \AKQ2 4J6542

Pass 2 🛊

The bidding has proceeded: North East South West

What action do you take?

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ence (play) daily at 8:30 p.m.

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TEL AVIV | R) — An Israeli mayor said Sunday he wanted a biological rerearch centre kicked out of town after French newspapers said it was making biological weapons. Mayor Yossi Shvo of Nes Ziona near Tel Aviv said he would take his complain: to Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin. The French reports said scientists at the New Ziona biological institute were working on 43 types of biological and other non-conventional weapons. "I will ask the prime minister to remove the by 'ogical institute immediately outside the municipal boundaries." Mr. Shvo told Reuters. "I don't think any military installation should be in the middle of a population centre." Asked about reports biological weapons were being made at the plant. Mr. Shvo said: "I never visited there. But I heard that and if it is true, it is worrying." The newspapers were investigating the case of Professor Marcus Klingberg, an Israeli germ warfare specialist who worked at the institute and was jailed secretly by Israel on charges he was a top Soviet spy.

Moi sees closer Kenyan-Israeli ties

TEL AVIV (AFP) - Daniel Arap Moi began the first visit to Israel by a Kenvan president on Sunday predicting stronger relations, more than 30 years after the two countries opened diplomatic ries. "We are happy to be visiting your country at a time when real opportunity for peace in the Middle East region is in sight." Mr. Moi told his host President Ezer Weizman. He saluted Israel's "courageous act" in signing an autonomy deal with the Palestinians last Sept. 13. He was to hold talks with Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Foreign Minister Shimon Peres.

U.N. team prepares transfer of Iraqi uranium

BAGHDAD (AFP) — International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) experts are preparing the transfer of a second batch of Iraqi enriched uranium to Russia, U.N. sources said here Sunday. The team is working at a site near Baghdad, the sources said without specifying the quantity involved. Last month the same group supervised the removal and shipment by air of 33 kilogrammes of irradiated fuel from Iraq to Russia.

Fake McDonalds creates row in Iran

TEHRAN (AFP) - Iranian authorities have ordered a hamburger restaurant bere to serve strictly Persian food after Islamic activists accused it of being McDonalds' first branch in Iran, a newspaper reported Sunday. Radicals forced the postponement of the opening of "ravaq" restaurant after its advertising led them to believe it was the American fast food chain, the daily Kayhan said. Scores of activists gathered last week for several days in front of the restaurant in a fashionable street in Tehran and several threatened the management, it said, "Our brothers have not become martyrs for American corporations to find business in Iran again," one of the activists was quoted as saying. A Culture Ministry official contacted by Kayhan on Sunday said the restaurant had been ordered to serve strictly Persian food.

Sudan rebels agree to stop fighting

NAIROBI (R) - Rival Sudanese rebel factions have agreed to a ceasefire after talks in Nairobi with representatives of regional governments, John Garang, leader of the Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA), said. He told reporters Riak Macbar, leader of the rival SPLA-United, which has split from Colonel Garang's group, had joined him in the ceasefire undertaking. Col. Garang spoke on Saturday after talks with ministers from Ethiopia, Eritrea, Kenya and Uganda, member-states of the Inter-Governmental Agency for Drought and Development (IGADD). No official statement was issued by the ministers who failed to broker direct talks between the rebels and officials of the Khartoum government who flew to Nairobi last week for the meeting.

Iranians brawl leaves one dead in Japan

TOKYO (AFP) — A brawl among a dozen Iranians at a police station left one dead and another in a coma in Utsunomiyta, 100 kilometres north of Tokyo Saturday, police said Sunday. Nine people were arrested in the incident, a spokesman said. The Iranians bad initially been charged with overstaying their visas. Iranian migrants make up a large portion of illegal foreign workers in Japan.

Egypt wants to improve ties with Iran

TEHRAN (AFP) - Egypt has proposed starting a dialogue with Iran to end tension between the two countries, the head of Egypt's interest section, Mahmud Mohammad Farai said. In an interview with the Iranian weekly Kayhan Havai, Mr. Faraj said his country hoped for "positive developments" in Tehran-Cairo ties and called for a dialogue to create the "appropriate atmosphere" for better relations. Mr. Faraj said that efforts were already underway to mend ties through economic contacts and that the two countries had launched joint ventures in textile and electronics.

Nateq Nuri slams Pope for recognising Israel

TEHRAN (AFP) - Iran's Speaker of Parliament Ali Akbar Nated Nuri on Sunday blasted Pope John Paul II for the Vatican's recognition of Israel, saying the move was an insult to the image of Christ. "The fact that the Pope has sanctioned the crimes of Israel is nothing new to us." Mr. Nateq Nuri said. "What is important is committing such an act on the birth anniversary of Christ. "The move to recognise the Zionist regime was the greatest insult to the image of the Christian prophet." Several Iranian newspapers bave also denounced the Varican for signing the Dec. 30 accord with Israel which they described as "treason."

More than 40 people killed in Turkey clashes

ANKARA (AFP) - More than 40 people have died in clashes between Kurdish separatists and the security forces in the last three days, the regional prefecture spearheading the fight against rebel Kurds said Sunday. Some 31 Kurds and 10 government soldiers have died in fighting since Thursday, the authorities said in a statement. Nineteen fighters from the Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) were killed in a large-scale anti-rebel sweep in the Marcin, Sirnak and Siirt regions of southeastern Turkey on Thursday, the prefecture said.

Zhirinovsky softens tone

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MOSCOW (R) - Vladimir Zhirinovsky, the extreme nationalist who has shocked the world with his dream of massive Russian expansion, courted Washington Saturday by calling instead for strong democracy and cooperation with the West. "We stay as a d_mocratic state." Mr. Zhirinovsky said in a television inserview with CNN. His party became the largest single group in Russian politics when it won about a seventh of votes in December parliamentary elections. U.S. President Bill Clinton is due to visit Moscow next week for a summit with his Russian counterpart Boris Yeltsin and Mr. Zhirinovsky, abruptly softening earlier that comments about the Washington leader, said he would like to meet him. "I have a good opinion of him." Mr. Zhirinovsky said. Earlier. he had said Mr. Clinton should not waste his time on the trip and should instead stay at home and "play his saxophone."
Mr. Zhirinovsky also appealed for Mr. Clinton not to support Mr. Yeltsin, whose government he criticised, and made a bid for an alternative relationship between the U.N. leader and himself. "He (Clinton) is the same age. He is 47 and 1 am 47. Maybe he has no information about me... I would like to tell him now it's necessary to have good relations between America and Russia."

Clinton begins Europe visit; NATO on agenda

BRUSSELS (Agencies) — U.S. President Bill Clinton arrived Sunday for a summit where a blueprint for European security that eventually brings some East European nations into the alliance is expected to be announced.

At the request of the president, whose mother died Thursday, the welcoming ceremonies at the airport were scaled down.

"I'm glad to be here. I'm doing what I should be doing." Mr. Clinton replied when asked if it were difficult to undertake a nine-day trip so soon after the death of his

He was met by Prime Minister Jean-Luc Dehaene and foreign Minister Willy Claes and later visited with King Albert II and Queen Paola at the royal palace on Brussels' northern outskirts. Later, Mr. Clinton was to

address 250 young Europeans at Brussels' Gothic City hall. Mr. Clinton and the leaders of the 15 other North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) nations open a two-day summit Monday. The meeting's centerpiece is the launch of closer links with Eastern Europe through a U.S.-proposed "partnership for Peace" prog-

It provides for cooperation in peacekeeping and crises management, joint military exercises and use of Western know-how in drafting defence budgets and securing civilian control over the military.

While drawing the East Europeans closer, The partnership programme will not lead to automatic NATO membership for such countries



t.S. President Bill Clinton fistens to Belgian Prime Minister Jean-Luc Dehaene during a meeting Sunday at Brussels' Contad Hotel shortty after he arrived in Betgium on his first visit to Europe after taking office in 1992 (AFP photo)

as Poland. Hungary and the Czech Republic — something those nations aspire 10. The allies fear that absorb-

ing Moscow's former allies too quickly will aggravate nationalist sentiments in Russia. The summit is being held

against the backdrop of the civil war in Bosnia. "We'll discuss that and a number of other issues." Mr.

Clinton said at his hotel. Despite initial French calls for a tougher stand on that war, the leaders are not expected to offer new initiatives to end the carnage on the alliances doorstep.

They will likely do no more than renew their willingness to bomb Serb forces to end the

strangulation of Sarajevo and restate an offer to help implement a Bosnian peace plan. officials said.

In 1993, the allies quarrelled for months how to stop the war and disagreed on who should initiate military action: NATO or the United Nations. The allies enforce a "no-fly

zone" over Bosnia and a naval blockade against Scrbia and Montenegro, the two remain-ing republics of what was once Yugoslavia. It is ready to send 50,000 peacekeeping troops but only if Bosnia's warring sides sign a peace accord.
But NATO has yet to deliver

on a pledge to launch air strikes against Serb forces that attack aid convoys and besiege

Sarajevo because the United Nations has not given the green light.

Officials said Mr. Clinton planned to announce a March date for a Group of Seven (G7) conference on creating jobs that he proposed last July.

At the meeting, in the United States, education, labour and finance ministers of the world's industrial powers will discuss how to overcome chronic unemployment. Mr. Clinton will also urge

Western Europe to open its markets to help strengthen democracy in East Europe and Russia, talk about the gradual expansion of NATO and call anew for more efforts to curb

nuclear arms, a U.S. official

The United States and Russia are very close to a deal with Ukraine that would rid the former Soviet Republic of atomic weapons. U.S. officials

They told Reuters some details remained to be worked out, but that an agreement could be signed later this week. In Kiev, an official group said President Clinton will meet his Ukrainian counterpart Leonid Kravchuk on Wednesday.

The two presidents will discuss "nuclear disarmament economic cooperation and security guarantees called for by Ukraine" linked to dismantling of its nuclear arsenal, the

sources said.

Although the reported deal promises Ukraine political and economic benefits, it also reguires the ex-Soviet republic to transfer nearly 1.800 nuclear warbeads on its territority to

Ukraine after the collapse of the Soviet Union in 1991 signed an agreement to give up the Soviet atomic arms left on its territory under terms of the Start I Treaty and accede to the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty as a non-nuclear state.

But since then, increasing nationalism in Ukraine and fears about Russian instability and potential aggression have caused Kiev to delay fulfilling those commitments.

The possibility that Ukraine might keep the weapons and hence expand the number of nuclear states has been seen in Washington and many other capitals as a serious problem.

Menem's son jailed for punching

PUNTA DEL ESTE. Uruguay (AFP) — Argentine President Carlos Menem's son was spending the weekend in jail bere for allegedly punching a photographer at a discotheque in this glitzy seaside resort. Carlos Facundo Menem Yoma, 26, was arrested Friday afternoon and taken to a police. station where he was being beld incomunicado. Court officials said he will be released Sunday pending a decision next week on wbether formal charges are filed. Menem, accompanying his father on a private visit, and several body-guards allegedly punched a photographer working for the magazine Gente when he tried to take Menem's picture in the wee hours of Friday at a Punta Del Este nightclub. They also are alleged to bave roughed up a fashion designer. The photographer who filed the complaint, Henry Von Wartem-berg, said Mr. Menem's group also stole \$3,000 worth of camera equipment from him.
"All of them hit me. Carlos (Facundo) Menem and the others." Mr. Von Wartemberg told a news conference. He said the president's son should learn to behave. Saying "we are not in Argentina. Nor is this the 1920s. He is not Al Capone and here in Uruguzy be is no one." President Menem said Justice should run. its course. "The president's son has no special priviliges. So he will have to face the music.

Supreme court justices appear in opera

WASHINGTON (AP) - Sapreme Court Justice Antonin Scalia and Ruth Bader Ginsburg abandoned the gravity of their judicial robes and donned white powdered wigs Saturday night for an appearance with the Washington Opera. The justices, both opera lovers, were extras in the opening performance of "Ariadne Auf Naxos," an opera about a highsociety party given by a wealthy Viennese man. They stayed on stage for about 1 hour and 25 minutes. "They oked something like George Washington and an elegant Viennese lady of the 17th century," opera spokeswoman Suzanne Stephens said. Scalia was fitted with the costume Placido Domingo wore during the 1986 world premiere of the opera Goya in 1986, Stephens said. Ginsburg appeared with a feather in her wig and without ber trademark glasses. The opera, composed by Richard Strauss, pokes fun at the conventions of Grand Opera in the 1600s, Stephens said.

Desperately

seeking Stalin

TBILISI (AP) - A group of

Communist die-hards bave de-

manded the return of the body

of Georgia's most infamous

son, Josef Stalin, to his native land for re-burial. Claiming a membership of 1,000, the Stalin Society voted in Thilisi to accept the proposal to "bear ali expenses to remove Stalin's body from the Kremlin and transport it to his birthplace of Gori," 80 kilometres west of the capital of Tbilisi. A number of statue's and a museum devoted to Stalin remain intact in Gori. It is the second time in under a month that a group has requested the body of the disgraced former Soviet dictator to exhumed and re-buried. In December, a rival organisanion, the Committee for Stalin's Body, appealed to Russian authorities to permit Sta-lin be re-buried in Vladikavkaz, the capital of North Ossetia in the foothills of the Cancasus Mountains 1,500 kilometres (950 miles) south of Moscow. The Vladikavkazbased group argue that Stalin full name Joseph Vissarionovich Djugashvili — was not Georgian, but was in fact Ossetian, an Orthodox Christian people who speak a language related to Farsi. Georgian leader Eduard Shevardnadze was not available for comment about the possible re-burial of Stalin on Georgian. soil, but would be unlikely to approve of such a move, baving recently called Stalin "the greatest criminal of the 20th century." Stalin's body currently rests in a quiet corner of the Kremlin in Moscow. In the late 1950s, Stalin's successor, Nikita Khrushchev, unceremoniously ordered the removal of his body from Lenin's. Mausoleum on Red Square following revelations concerning

Stalin's reign of terror.

Israeli right to propose settlement 'annexation'

TEL AVIV (AP) — Israeli opposition lawmakers will introduce bills this week to annex Jewish settlements in the occupied West Bank surrounding Jerusalem, rightwing legislators said Sunday. The legislation, which is

scheduled for debate Wednesday, is unlikely to pass unless members of Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's Labour Party break ranks and vote with the opposition which labour leaders said was unlikely. Even so, the bills and what is

likely to be a notsy debate could be an irritant at a sensitive time in the negotiations between Israel and the Palcstine Liberation Organisation (PLO) on Palestinian autonomy, which are to resume Monday in Egypt.

Yigal Bibi from the National Religious Party said there was widespread support in Israel for incorporating outlying set-tlements, and his bill would force Mr. Rabin to put the issue to a country wide vote if it wanted to withdraw from the settlements.

"There is a national consensus on these areas. Passing this bill will force the government to go to a referendum," he

Elivahu Ben-Elissar of the Likud Party said a separate bill he was drafting would extend Israeli sovereignty over Maaleh Adumini, which is six kilometres east of Jerusalem and has 20,000 residents, and the Etzion bloc. which is 13 kilometres to the south and has 6,300 inhabitants.

He said he wants to test assurances by Rabin's government that the settlements were part of a non-negonable "secur-

MOGADISHU (Agencies)

U.N. troops Sunday shot dead

a pregnant Somali woman who

was selling tea outside a Moga-

dishu hospital, witnesses said.

They said the woman, Hali-

ma Khalif Ibrahim, was killed

in her stall in front of the

sprawling Benadir Hospital

complex at around four p.m.

troops opened fire from the

top of a Pakistani-controlled

checkpoint next to the main

United Nations Operation in

Somalia (UNOSOM) com-

A man who was selling water

Mahad Hassan, a nurse at

was wounded in the shooting

and was taken to the nearby

Benadir Hospital, said: "No-

body knows why they shot.

Everything was quiet and sud-

denly they shot. It was the

troops shot and wounded a

On Friday evening Amerian

Witnesses said unidentified

(1300 GMT).

pound in the city.

Digfer hospital.

Americans, I think.

ity zone" around Jerusalem that Israel would not return to Arab control.

The National Religious Party bill is similar to the Likud's but includes the West Bank settlements of Givat Zeev. home to 7,200 and Betar, with about 2,000 residents, as well, Mr. Bibi told the Associated

Both the Labour-led coalition government and opposition parties have called for a parliament members for a vote on the legislation.

Mr. Ben-Elissar said he was hoping some Labour legislators who have openly supported strengthening the Etzion Bloc and Maaleh Adumim would vote for the bill.

Eli Dayan, head of the Labour Party-led coalition in parliament, attacked the bills as attempts to torpedo the peace process and said all coalition legislators would vote against the bills.

"There is no chance that this bill will pass," said Emanuel Zisman, former deputy mayor of Jerusalem and Labour legislator. "All labour parliament members understand that if it did (pass) it would halt the

Palestinians said that while passage of the bills would make peace talks more difficult in the future, it was not likely to strengthen Israel's hold on

"We do not think that changing the status quo in Jerusalem will let the Israelis run away with the city so easily," said Radwan Abu Ayyash, an adviser to Palestinian peace

man on the roof of Benadir Hospital, a U.S. military

spokesman said the man was

carrying a light machinegun.

Saturday there had been a

number of attacks from the

Benadir Hospital complex in

the past. U.S. officers said Sunday

they had launched an inquiry

into the incident involving the

dead woman but tefused to

Jurist ends mission

The independent jurist in-

vestigating the situation of eight Somali prisoners held by

the U.N. Operation in Somalia

left Mogadishu Saturday, UN-

Formet Zimbabwean Chief

Justice Enoch Dumbutshena.

who was appointed by U.N.

Secretary-General Boutros

Ghali to investigate the de-

tainees' situation, had arrived

in the Somali capital Tuesday.

OSOM officials said.

comment further.

The spokesman said on

U.N. troops kill pregnant

Somali, witnesses report

Balladur's Saudi trip falls short of hopes

RIYADH (Agencies) -French Prime Minister Edouard Balladur ended a 24hour visit to Saudi Arabia Sunday with a provisional arms deal worth about \$2 billion for Paris, French officials said.

But the trip, at the invitation of Saudi King Fahd, fell short of France's hopes as a bilateral cooperation accord and a host of potential industrial and military deals were left hanging, they said.

Mr. Balladur, however, said he was pleased with the out-

"We leave Saudi Arabia very satisfied with the results of the talks and very confident in future relation: between Saudi Arabia and France," Mr. Balladur told a news conference before leaving to tour the flooded Camargues region in southern France.

The Saudis gave tentative approval to three military contracts. French officials said. They included an agreement

for France to upgrade four missile-launching frigates sold to Riyadh a decade ago. France will also overhaul the Saudis' French-made Shahine

anti-aircraft defence system and maintain the Crotale missile's firing system. The three contracts, worth about 10 billion francs (\$2 billion), are expected to be finalised in coming weeks, said

Defence Minister Francois Leotard, who accompanied Mr. Balladur along with Fore-ign Affairs Minister Alain Juppe and Industry and Trade Minister Gerard Longuet.

France had wanted tu sell Riyadh three new missilelaunching frigates, worth a tot-al of 20 billion francs (\$3.4 billion), but it appeared no deal was reached.

In another disappointment to France, Paris and Riyadh failed to sign a cooperation accord aiming to stimulate trade, including oil and arms. Members of the delegation

said Saturday they expected a comprehensive cooperation agreement to be reached, which would lead to signing of major contracts. Multi-billion dollar deals for

selling airbus planes and military equipment had appeared almost tied up, several French ministerial sources said. However, no contract was

formally concluded, even though Mr. Balladur and his team put a positive spin on their meetings during the press conference here, which was not attended by any Saudi offi-

"I didn't come to finalise specific contracts" but to "give new momentum" to Saudi-French relations, he said. "We realfirmed our deter-

mination to develop our industrial cooperation." he said.

Betselem urges Palestinians to end 'collaborator' killings OCCUPIED JERUSALEM

(AP) — An Israeli human rights group Sunday urged the Palestine Liberation Organisa-tion (PLO) and other Palestinian groups to stop killing Palestinians because they were suspected of being informants for Israel or involved in drug dealing and homosexuality. Between 750 and 950 sus-

pected Palestinian "collaborators" have been killed since the start of the Palestinian uprising in Dec. 1987, many after being severely tortured and all without thal, the group said.

The unprecedented report on collaborators by Betselem. the Israeli Information Centre for Human Rights in the Occupied Territories, was its first on human rights violations by armed Palestinian groups. Previously it had focused nn the human rights abuses of Israeli

The report explicity condemns the PLO and Islamic fundamentalist groups for allowing such "gross human rights violations," to continue by not enforcing clear cut international guidelines that ban torture and require a trial.

The human rights group said it only focused on the issue now because the Palestinian political factions were seeking recognition akin to political parties and because of "the scale of human rights violatiuns perpetrated by activists of these nrganisations against suspected collaborators during the past six years," Betselem said.

The human rights group said that since the Israel-PLO accord for Palestinian autonomy was signed on Sept. 13 the problem of protecting and rehabilitating thousands of overt

collaborators has become more

The Associated Press counts 789 suspected collaborators killed since the uprising began in December 1987. Many others were shot in the legs or had bones broken as punishment for suspected collaboration as well as moral and

drug dealing, prostitution and homosexuality, Betselem said. At the start of the uprising, local Palestinian judiciary broke down, allowing PLO groups and squads from the Islamic fundamentalist group Hamas to fill the vacuum and

social transgressions such as

control the streets. But the lack of a law enforecment system does not justify torture and killing without trial. Betselem said, criticisiog the PLO for failing to issue clear instructions on dealing with collaborators.

"The fact that the PLO continued to maintain its organisational and financial ties with squads that tortured and killed Palestinians places the responsibility for those deeds on the PLO," the report said,

"Betselem calls on the Palestinian political organisations to put an immediate stop to the torture and killing of suspected collaborators." The report recommended

the nrganisations sever financial and organisational tics with groups that continue to commit such acts and to prosecute those who ignore the instructions.

The human rights group also called on Israel to stop recruiting "collaborators," saying Israeli security forces used pressure, threats, extortion and promises of services and permits to get informants.

'British firms supplied Iraqi bomb programme'.

LONDON (AFP) - The British government has failed to act over a key U.N. weapons inspectors' reports which re-vealed sophisticated British computer and electronic equipment was used by Iraq's nuclear bomb industry, a newspaper claimed Sunday. The U.N. dossier was passed

to the British government more than two years ago but customs and excise investigalors have yet to take action against the enmpanies concerned, the Sunday Telegraph said. The report could play a cru-

cial mie in the "nuclear triggers" trial as two people convicted of shipping to Baghdad key detonator cumponents for an Iraqi nuelear weapon appeal their sentences. According to the paper

"U.N. inspectors have found that U.K.-made computers, electronics and machine tools were used in Iraq's nuclear bomh production line.

"The findings imply that British companies were not

only exporting arms to 1raq. but were also supplying parts for the country's nuclear programme. Yet customs has not prosecuted any of the companies alleged by the U.N. to have been involved."

Defence lawyers in the "nuclear triggers" case have obtained a copy of the U.N. dossier, the paper said, but have been banned by a judge from releasing the papers.

Ali Daghir and Jeanine Speckman weree convicted in 1991 for trying to export capa-citors allegedly for use in a detonating device for an Iraqi nuclear bomh. Mr. Daghir was given a five-year but later released on bail pending the appeal, but Ms. Speckman has already served her 18-month sentence.

Their lawyers believe the U.N. papers prove their clients' innocence as the import-export firm for which they worked is not on the list of British firms which supplies the Iraqi weapons industry.

photographer

nt meets triate leader MAN (Petra) — His prince Mohau Sprince Al Al Al Separatales Samir Al Al Al Scales on the president of the prince of th

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